## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2022



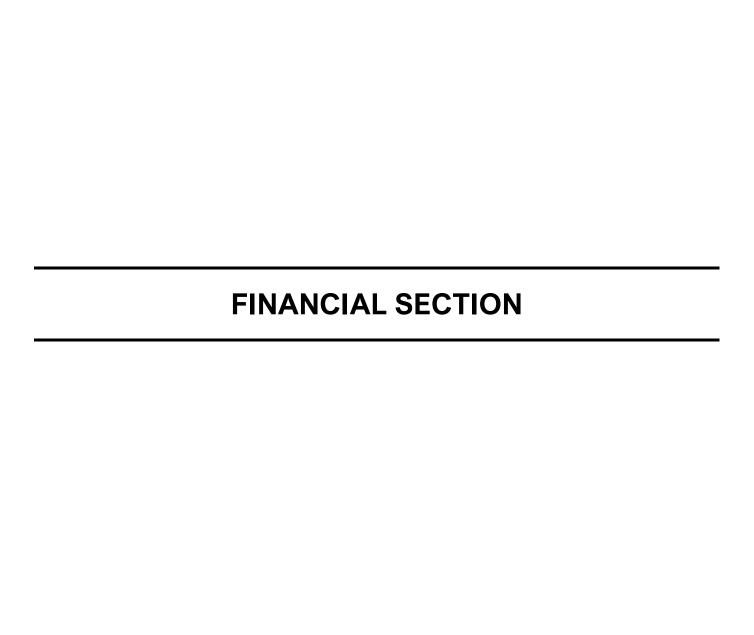
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#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Marcos Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Marcos Unified School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the San Marcos Unified School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the San Marcos Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the San Marcos Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2022 on our consideration of the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 6, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

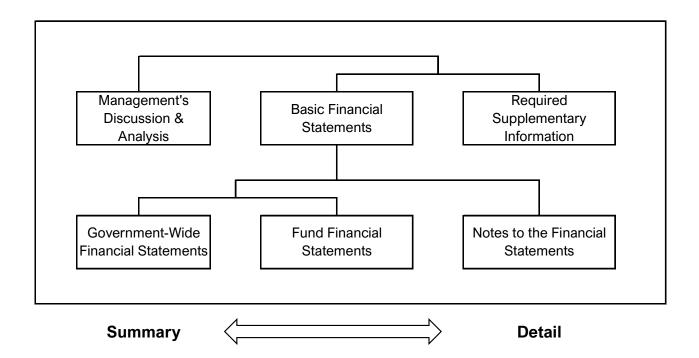
Our discussion and analysis of San Marcos Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's combined net position was \$44,916,703 at June 30, 2022. This was an increase of \$39,774,420 from the prior year.
- Overall combined revenues were \$322,468,805 which exceeded expenses of \$282,694,385.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Components of the Financial Section**



#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was \$44,916,703 at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(320,146,170) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities					
	2022		2021	ı	Net Change		2022	2021	Ne	t Change	
ASSETS										<del></del>	
Current and other assets	\$ 225,342,809	\$	215,046,198	\$	10,296,611	\$	778,197 \$	366,641	\$	411,556	
Capital assets	624,558,080		602,523,977		22,034,103		-	-			
Total Assets	849,900,889		817,570,175		32,330,714		778,197	366,641		411,556	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	86,756,643		104,474,073		(17,717,430)		73,842	150,541		(76,699)	
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities	42,989,501		32,791,992		10,197,509		102,105	22,362		79,743	
Long-term liabilities	731,930,073		866,029,493		(134,099,420)		347,426	905,738		(558,312)	
Total Liabilities	774,919,574		898,821,485		(123,901,911)		449,531	928,100		(478,569)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	116,802,867		17,659,829		99,143,038		420,896	9,733		411,163	
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	198,034,059		166,879,854		31,154,205		-	-		-	
Restricted	167,028,814		167,514,128		(485,314)		-	-		-	
Unrestricted	(320,127,782)	)	(328,831,048)		8,703,266		(18,388)	(420,651)		402,263	
Total Net Position	\$ 44,935,091	\$	5,562,934	\$	39,372,157	\$	(18,388) \$	(420,651)	\$	402,263	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

		Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities					
	20:	22		2021	N	let Change		2022		2021	Ne	Net Change	
REVENUES													
Program revenues													
Charges for services	\$ 3,	127,516	\$	2,372,406	\$	755,110	\$	2,423,431	\$	68,509	\$	2,354,922	
Operating grants and contributions	59,	883,846		68,133,291		(8,249,445)		-		-		-	
Capital grants and contributions	18,	474,034		40,984,094		(22,510,060)		-		-		-	
General revenues													
Property taxes	102,	694,571		98,367,753		4,326,818		-		-		-	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	134,	810,729		128,752,211		6,058,518		(18,912)		-		(18,912)	
Other	1,	073,590		2,804,380		(1,730,790)		-		4,398		(4,398)	
Total Revenues	320,	064,286		341,414,135		(21,349,849)		2,404,519		72,907		2,331,612	
EXPENSES	-												
Instruction	165,	825,158		188,334,402		(22,509,244)		-		-		-	
Instruction-related services	20,	665,948		24,543,674		(3,877,726)		-		-		-	
Pupil services	23,	790,604		30,297,904		(6,507,300)		-		-		-	
General administration	13,	539,195		14,644,207		(1,105,012)		-		-		-	
Plant services	23,	382,526		26,867,682		(3,485,156)		-		-		-	
Ancillary and community services	5,	286,236		4,132,887		1,153,349		-		-		-	
Debt service	22,	339,496		18,509,559		3,829,937		-		-		-	
Other outgo	1,	027,929		1,133,589		(105,660)		-		-		-	
Enterprise activities	4,	835,037		812,228		4,022,809		2,002,256		1,157,295		844,961	
Total Expenses	280,	692,129		309,276,132		(28,584,003)		2,002,256		1,157,295		844,961	
Transfers & special items		-		(850,000)		850,000		-		850,000		(850,000)	
Change in net position	39,	372,157		31,288,003		8,084,154		402,263		(234,388)		636,651	
Net Position - Beginning	5,	562,934		(25,725,069)		31,288,003		(420,651)		(186,263)		(234,388)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 44,	935,091	\$	5,562,934	\$	39,372,157	\$	(18,388)	\$	(420,651)	\$	402,263	

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$280,692,129 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$102,694,571 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions related to Governmental Activities. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	 Net Cost of Services						
	2022						
Instruction	\$ 113,294,605	\$	107,681,006				
Instruction-related services	18,689,516		21,854,263				
Pupil services	11,429,767		13,426,259				
General administration	11,693,238		12,143,237				
Plant services	21,364,337		23,945,842				
Ancillary and community services	3,385,937		3,161,522				
Debt service	22,339,496		18,509,559				
Transfers to other agencies	(2,744,042)		(3,096,771)				
Enterprise activities	 (246,121)		161,424				
Total	\$ 199,206,733	\$	197,786,341				

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$204,782,911 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$204,642,146. The District's General Fund had \$5,929,999 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Capital Facilities Fund had \$35,668,631 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022, offset by \$43,066,949 in other financing sources, for a net increase in fund balance of \$7,398,318. The District's County School Facilities Fund had \$17,103,094 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022, offset by \$38,717,949 in other financing uses, for a net decrease in fund balance of \$21,614,855.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested \$624,558,080 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. There were no capital assets related to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

		Go	ver	nmental Activit	ties		Business-Type Activities					
	2022 2021 Net 0		Net Change	2022		2021	2021		ge			
CAPITAL ASSETS												
Land	\$	76,022,980	\$	75,980,338	\$	42,642	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	-
Construction in progress		45,892,461		6,702,730		39,189,731		-		-		-
Land improvements		36,396,128		35,981,428		414,700		-		-		-
Buildings & improvements		628,821,386		631,905,593		(3,084,207)		-		-		-
Furniture & equipment		45,625,585		45,133,096		492,489		-		-		-
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(209,521,032)		(193,179,208)		(16,341,824)		-		-		-
Lease assets - buildings & improvements		3,220,908		-		3,220,908		-		-		-
Less: Accumulated amortization		(1,900,336)		-		(1,900,336)		-		-		-
Total Capital Assets	\$	624,558,080	\$	602,523,977	\$	22,034,103	\$	- ;	\$	-	\$	

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$731,930,073 in long-term liabilities related to governmental activities, a decrease of 15.5%. In addition, the District had long-term liabilities in the amount of \$347,426 relating to business-type activities, a decrease of 61.6%, primarily related to an increase in net pension liability. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

		Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities					
	2022		2021 Net		Net Change	nge 2022		2021		Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES													
Total general obligation bonds	\$	350,602,139	\$	350,065,760	\$	536,379	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total lease revenue bonds		79,680,104		81,350,484		(1,670,380)		-		-		-	
Total CFD and RDA bonds		82,329,473		82,607,688		(278,215)		-		-		-	
Certificates of participation		2,875,362		3,780,833		(905,471)		-		-		-	
Leases payable		1,487,547		1,711,151		(223,604)		-		-		-	
Early retirement incentive		2,572,398		756,546		1,815,852		-		-		-	
Compensated absences		1,533,265		1,504,795		28,470		74,055		93,109		(19,054)	
Total OPEB liability		92,950,366		102,210,663		(9,260,297)		-		-		-	
Net pension liability		132,308,333		256,278,604		(123,970,271)		273,371		812,629		(539,258)	
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(14,408,914)		(14,237,031)		(171,883)		-		-		-	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	731,930,073	\$	866,029,493	\$	(134,099,420)	\$	347,426	\$	905,738	\$	(558,312)	

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)**

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds, and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed rebenching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent to approximately 38.3 percent. At May Revision, the 2022-23 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 6.56 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, please contact the Business Office at (760) 752-1212.

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	186,488,308	\$ 910,604 \$	187,398,912
Accounts receivable		38,134,972	11,026	38,145,998
Internal balances		143,433	(143,433)	-
Inventory		539,825	-	539,825
Prepaid expenses		36,271	-	36,271
Capital assets, not depreciated		121,915,441	-	121,915,441
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		501,322,067	-	501,322,067
Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization		1,320,572	-	1,320,572
Total Assets		849,900,889	778,197	850,679,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		54,521,388	73,842	54,595,230
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		7,302,933	-	7,302,933
Deferred amount on refunding		24,932,322	-	24,932,322
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		86,756,643	73,842	86,830,485
LIABILITIES				
Accrued liabilities		25,697,418	102,105	25,799,523
Unearned revenue		2,883,169	-	2,883,169
Long-term liabilities, current portion		14,408,914	-	14,408,914
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		731,930,073	347,426	732,277,499
Total Liabilities		774,919,574	449,531	775,369,105
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		103,421,473	420,896	103,842,369
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		13,381,394	, -	13,381,394
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		116,802,867	420,896	117,223,763
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		198,034,059	_	198,034,059
Restricted:		,,,,,,		,,,,,,
Capital projects		130,196,691	_	130,196,691
Debt service		6,750,409	-	6,750,409
Educational programs		17,068,199	-	17,068,199
Food service		11,587,887	-	11,587,887
Associated student body		1,425,628	-	1,425,628
Unrestricted		(320,127,782)	(18,388)	(320,146,170)
Total Net Position	\$	44,935,091	\$ (18,388) \$	44,916,703

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues and Changes in **Program Revenues Net Position** Operating Capital Charges for **Grants and Business-Type Grants and** Governmental Function/Programs **Expenses** Services Contributions Contributions Activities **Activities** Total **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** Instruction 165,825,158 \$ 17,040 \$ 34,039,479 \$ 18,474,034 \$ (113,294,605) Instruction-related services Instructional supervision and administration 5.500.959 22.145 1,694,819 (3,783,995)Instructional library, media, and technology 1.573.963 629 50.302 (1,523,032)School site administration 13,591,026 208,537 (13,382,489)Pupil services Home-to-school transportation 5,524,326 43.459 (5,480,867)Food services 4,727,925 266,011 10,528,686 6,066,772 All other pupil services 13,538,353 38,268 1,484,413 (12,015,672)General administration Centralized data processing 2.137.416 (2.137.416)All other general administration 11,401,779 7.386 1.838.571 (9,555,822)Plant services 23.382.526 11.991 2.006.198 (21,364,337)3,422,822 Ancillary services 1,412,906 (2.009,916)Community services 1.863.414 388,338 99,055 (1,376,021)Enterprise activities 4,835,037 417 5,080,741 246,121 Interest on long-term debt 22.339.496 (22,339,496)1,027,929 2,375,291 1,396,680 2,744,042 Other outgo 3,127,516 \$ 59,883,846 \$ 18,474,034 **Total Governmental Activities** 280,692,129 (199,206,733) **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES** Enterprise activities 2,002,256 2,423,431 \$ 421,175 2,002,256 2,423,431 421,175 **Total Business-Type Activities** 59.883.846 \$ 18.474.034 **Total School District** 282.694.385 5.550.947 \$ \$ (198,785,558) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 68.023.008 68.023.008 14,421,388 14,421,388 Property taxes, levied for debt service 20,250,175 Property taxes, levied for other specific purposes 20,250,175 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 134,810,729 (18,912)134,791,817 Interest and investment earnings (3,728,158)(3,728,158)Miscellaneous 4,801,748 4,801,748 238.578.890 238.559.978 Subtotal, General Revenue (18.912)**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 39,372,157 402,263 39,774,420 **Net Position - Beginning** 5,562,934 (420,651)5,142,283 **Net Position - Ending** 44.935.091 (18.388) \$ 44,916,703

Net (Expenses)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	ounty School acilities Fund	G	Non-Major Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	45,165,634	\$	40,176,147	\$ 54,114,137	\$	47,024,389	\$	186,480,307
Accounts receivable		15,235,387		89,818	18,193,865		4,615,884		38,134,954
Due from other funds		604,827		38,717,949	-		2,642		39,325,418
Stores inventory		154,331		-	-		385,494		539,825
Prepaid expenditures		36,271		-	-		-		36,271
Total Assets	\$	61,196,450	\$	78,983,914	\$ 72,308,002	\$	52,028,409	\$	264,516,775
LIABILITIES									
Accrued liabilities	\$	12,163,905	\$	5,344,805	\$ -	\$	159,803	\$	17,668,513
Due to other funds		9,556		-	38,717,949		454,677		39,182,182
Unearned revenue		2,769,329		-	-		113,840		2,883,169
Total Liabilities		14,942,790		5,344,805	38,717,949		728,320		59,733,864
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		530,602		_	-		395,494		926,096
Restricted		16,923,962		73,639,109	33,590,053		50,904,595		175,057,719
Committed		6,805,000		-	-		-		6,805,000
Unassigned		21,994,096		-	-		-		21,994,096
Total Fund Balances		46,253,660		73,639,109	33,590,053		51,300,089		204,782,911
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	61,196,450	\$	78,983,914	\$ 72,308,002	\$	52,028,409	\$	264,516,775

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds**

\$ 204,782,911

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets, lease assets, accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization:

Capital assets	\$ 832,748,656	
Lease assets	3,220,908	
Accumulated depreciation	(209,521,032)	
Accumulated amortization	(1,900,336)	624,548,196

#### Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

24,932,322

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(8,028,905)

#### Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 350,602,139	
Total lease revenue bonds	79,680,104	
Total CFD and RDA bonds	82,329,473	
Certificates of participation	2,875,362	
Leases payable	1,487,547	
Early retirement incentive	2,572,398	
Compensated absences	1,533,265	
Total OPEB liability	92,950,366	
Net pension liability	132,308,333	(746,338,987)

#### Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 54,521,388	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(103,421,473)	(48,900,085)

(continued on the following page)

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2022

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 7,302,933	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(13,381,394)	(6,078,461)

#### Internal service funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

18,100

**Total Net Position - Governmental Activities** 

\$ 44,935,091

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		G	eneral Fund	Ca <sub>l</sub>	pital Facilities Fund	ounty School acilities Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Pederal sources									
Other local sources   32,191,313   14,280,925   16,068,657   911,671   51,171,641   Other local sources   18,362,7271   14,280,925   17,103,094   32,664,817   54,342,900   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   32,672,214   34,025,131,000   34,025,131	LCFF sources	\$		\$	-	\$ -	•	\$	
Total Revenues	Federal sources				-	-	, ,		
Total Revenues					-	, ,	,		
Page									
Current   Instruction	Total Revenues		269,294,905		14,280,925	17,103,094	39,572,214		340,251,138
Instruction   176,647,645   -   -   34,414   176,682,059     Instruction-related services   Instructional supervision and administration   1,631,528   -   -   -   6,352,805     Instructional library, media, and technology   1,631,528   -   -   -   43,377   1,5877,204     Pupil services	EXPENDITURES								
Instruction-related services	Current								
Instructional supervision and administration   1,631,528   -   -   -   6,352,805   1,851,528   1,851	Instruction		176,647,645		-	-	34,414		176,682,059
Instructional library, media, and technology   1,631,528   -   -   -   -   -   1,631,528   School site administration   15,833,827   -   -   -   43,377   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,877,204   15,80,977   15	Instruction-related services								
School site administration         15,833,827         -         -         43,377         15,877,204           Pupil services         1         -         -         -         5,580,977           Food services         99,973         -         -         4,784,186         4,884,159           All other pupil services         16,256,205         -         -         -         16,256,205           General administration         -         -         -         2,325,404           All other general administration         10,449,849         758,008         -         219,082         11,426,939           Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,656,327           Facilities acquisition and construction         2,427,896         -         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         1,965,650         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         2,427,896         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,	Instructional supervision and administration		6,352,805		-	-	-		6,352,805
Pupil services   Home-to-school transportation   5,580,977   -	Instructional library, media, and technology		1,631,528		-	-	-		1,631,528
Home-to-school transportation   5,580,977   -   -   4,784,186   4,884,159   5,580,977   Food services   99,973   -   -   4,784,186   4,884,159   6,256,205   6,2	School site administration		15,833,827		-	-	43,377		15,877,204
Food services         99,973         -         -         4,784,186         4,884,159           All other pupil services         16,256,205         -         -         -         16,256,205           General administration         1         -         -         -         2,325,404           All other general administration         10,449,849         758,008         -         219,082         11,426,939           Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,653,227           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         24,432         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         5,304,135         -         <	Pupil services								
All other pupil services   16,256,205   -   -   -   16,256,205	Home-to-school transportation		5,580,977		-	-	-		5,580,977
General administration         2,325,404         -         -         -         2,325,404           All other general administration         10,449,849         758,008         -         219,082         11,426,939           Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,656,327           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         762,802           Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         -         -         30,268,414 </td <td>Food services</td> <td></td> <td>99,973</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>4,784,186</td> <td></td> <td>4,884,159</td>	Food services		99,973		-	-	4,784,186		4,884,159
Centralized data processing         2,325,404         -         -         -         2,325,404           All other general administration         10,449,849         758,008         -         219,082         11,426,939           Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,656,327           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,110,263         15,414,398           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	All other pupil services		16,256,205		-	-	-		16,256,205
All other general administration         10,449,849         758,008         -         219,082         11,426,939           Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,656,327           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         -         5,304,135         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         -         5,304,135         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         -         -         -         3,068,631         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources	General administration								
Plant services         22,627,640         424,680         -         604,007         23,655,327           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,269,33         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Debt service         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td>Centralized data processing</td> <td></td> <td>2,325,404</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>2,325,404</td>	Centralized data processing		2,325,404		-	-	-		2,325,404
Facilities acquisition and construction         -         39,593,658         -         284,629         39,878,287           Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949	All other general administration		10,449,849		758,008	-	219,082		11,426,939
Ancillary services         2,427,896         -         -         1,226,933         3,654,829           Community services         1,965,650         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Net Financing Sources (Uses)	Plant services		22,627,640		424,680	-	604,007		23,656,327
Community services         1,965,650         -         -         -         -         1,965,650           Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         -         -         -         -         762,802           Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -	Facilities acquisition and construction		-		39,593,658	-	284,629		39,878,287
Enterprise activities         24,432         -         -         4,810,968         4,835,400           Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         Over Expenditures         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318	Ancillary services		2,427,896		-	-	1,226,933		3,654,829
Transfers to other agencies         762,802         -         -         -         762,802           Debt service         Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         Over Expenditures         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers in         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Community services		1,965,650		-	-	-		1,965,650
Debt service           Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Other sources         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Other sources         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999	•		,		-	-	4,810,968		
Principal         378,273         3,869,075         -         8,150,285         12,397,633           Interest and other         -         5,304,135         -         10,110,263         15,414,398           Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Transfers to other agencies		762,802		-	-	-		762,802
Interest and other	Debt service								
Total Expenditures         263,364,906         49,949,556         -         30,268,144         343,582,606           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         Uses (Uses)           Over Expenditures         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Principal		378,273		, ,	-	, ,		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues           Over Expenditures         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers in         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Interest and other		-			-			
Over Expenditures         5,929,999         (35,668,631)         17,103,094         9,304,070         (3,331,468)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         - 43,066,949         3,472,233         43,066,949           Other sources         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         - 43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	•		263,364,906		49,949,556	-	30,268,144		343,582,606
Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Transfers in         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Transfers in         -         43,066,949         -         -         43,066,949           Other sources         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Over Expenditures		5,929,999		(35,668,631)	17,103,094	9,304,070		(3,331,468)
Other sources         -         -         -         -         3,472,233         3,472,233           Transfers out         -         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out         -         -         (38,717,949)         (4,349,000)         (43,066,949)           Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Transfers in		-		43,066,949	-	-		43,066,949
Net Financing Sources (Uses)         -         43,066,949         (38,717,949)         (876,767)         3,472,233           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         5,929,999         7,398,318         (21,614,855)         8,427,303         140,765           Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146			-		-	-	, ,		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 5,929,999 7,398,318 (21,614,855) 8,427,303 140,765 Fund Balance - Beginning 40,323,661 66,240,791 55,204,908 42,872,786 204,642,146	Transfers out		-		-	_ , , ,			
Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		43,066,949	(38,717,949)	(876,767)		3,472,233
Fund Balance - Beginning         40,323,661         66,240,791         55,204,908         42,872,786         204,642,146	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		5,929,999		7,398,318	(21,614,855)	8,427,303		140,765
						, ,			
	• •	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ 		\$	

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

\$ 140,765

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets and lease assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets and lease assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and amortization expense, respectively. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense and amortization expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:	\$ 40,283,945	
Depreciation expense:	(18,182,600)	
Amortization expense:	(64,418)	22,036,927

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

12.543.651

#### Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(3,472,233)

#### Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(1,303,463)

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

119,074

#### Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(8,451,989)

(continued on the following page)

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Compensated	absences:
-------------	-----------

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(28,470)

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

1,125,016

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

16,548,547

#### Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources:

In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

(1,815,852)

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

1,921,862

#### Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

8,322

#### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$ 39,372,157

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
ASSETS		•				
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$	910,604	\$	8,001		
Accounts receivable		11,026		18		
Due from other funds		6,717		197		
Total current assets	-	928,347	8,216			
Non-current assets						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		_		9,884		
Total non-current assets		-	9,884			
Total Assets		928,347		18,100		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		73,842		_		
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		73,842		-		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accrued liabilities		102,105		-		
Due to other funds		150,150		_		
Total current liabilities		252,255		-		
Non-current liabilities		·				
Compensated absences		74,055		_		
Net pension liability		273,371		_		
Total non-current liabilities		347,426		_		
Total Liabilities		599,681		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		420,896		-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		420,896		-		
NET POSITION						
Restricted		_		18,100		
Unrestricted		(18,388)		-		
Total Net Position	\$	, ,	\$	18,100		
Total Net Position	\$	(18,388)	\$	18,10		

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	siness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
	Child Care erprise Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES				
Other local revenues	\$ 2,423,431	\$	10,854	
Total operating revenues	 2,423,431	10,854		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	1,748,094		-	
Supplies and materials	49,340		-	
Professional services	204,822		-	
Depreciation	-		2,824	
Total operating expenses	 2,002,256		2,824	
Operating income/(loss)	421,175		8,030	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)				
Interest income	(18,912)		292	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	 (18,912)		292	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	402,263		8,322	
Net Position - Beginning	(420,651)	9,778		
Net Position - Ending	\$ (18,388)	\$	18,100	

## SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities	-	•		-	
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to					
(from) other funds	\$	2,433,286	\$	10,903	
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(1,842,813)		(3,808)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		590,473		7,095	
Cash flows from investing activities	-				
Interest received		(18,912)		292	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	-	(18,912)		292	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		571,561		7,387	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Beginning of year		339,043		614	
End of year	\$	910,604	\$	8,001	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used for) operating activities					
Operating income/(loss)	\$	421,175	\$	8,030	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		-		2,824	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		16,572		246	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(6,717)		(197)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions		76,699		-	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		79,743		(3,617)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		150,150		(191)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(19,054)		-	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(539,258)		-	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions		411,163		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	590,473	\$	7,095	

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The San Marcos Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### **B.** Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASBS No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASBS No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, GASBS No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, GASBS No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, and GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plans. The Financial Reporting Entity, and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has two blended component units, the San Marcos Community Facilities Districts and the San Marcos School Financing Authority.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Government-Wide Statements. (continued)**

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**County School Facilities Fund:** This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Student Activity Fund:** This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

**Cafeteria Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Foundation Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 under which both earnings and principal may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

**Permanent Funds:** Permanent funds were introduced as part of the governmental financial reporting model established by GASB Statement 34 to account for permanent foundations that benefit a District.

**Foundation Permanent Fund:** This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds:** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

**Child Care Enterprise Fund:** This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the District's after school childcare program.

**Internal Service Funds:** Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

**Self-Insurance Fund:** Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### **Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Included in capital assets are right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Depreciation/ amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<b>Estimated Useful Life</b>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Building Improvements	20-25 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Office Equipment	5-15 years
Computer Equipment	5-15 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Measurement Period July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance (continued)**

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 96** – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

**GASB Statement No. 100** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 101** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

## A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	G	overnmental Funds	Int	ernal Service Fund	G	overnmental Activities	iness-Type Activities
Investment in county treasury	\$	167,969,043	\$	8,204	\$	167,977,247	\$ 933,673
Fair value adjustment		(4,150,228)		(203)		(4,150,431)	(23,069)
Cash on hand and in banks		1,425,828		-		1,425,828	-
Cash with fiscal agent		20,885,481		-		20,885,481	-
Cash in revolving fund		350,000		-		350,000	-
Other investments		183		-		183	 -
Total	\$	186,480,307	\$	8,001	\$	186,488,308	\$ 910,604

# B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Cash with Fiscal Agent –** The District maintains cash balances with U.S. Bank related to its Community Facilities District Bonds and Lease Revenue Bonds.

# C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

## C. General Authorizations (continued)

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

## D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$164,737,420. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 551 days.

#### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not exposed to credit risk.

# F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, \$1,571,795 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### G. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

#### H. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	lr	servable nputs evel 2	U	ncategorized	 Total
Investment in county treasury	\$	-	\$	164,737,420	\$ 164,737,420
Other investments		183			183
Total	\$	183	\$	164,737,420	\$ 164,737,603

# **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Int	ternal Service Fund	C	Sovernmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities
Federal Government												
Categorical aid	\$	11,050,050	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,415,242	\$	-	\$	15,465,292	\$	-
State Government												
Apportionment		244,965		-	-	-		-		244,965		-
Categorical aid		1,028,983		-	18,068,657	105,993		-		19,203,633		-
Lottery		1,190,663		-	-	-		-		1,190,663		-
Local Government												
Other local sources		1,720,726		89,818	125,208	94,649		18		2,030,419		11,026
Total	\$	15,235,387	\$	89,818	\$ 18,193,865	\$ 4,615,884	\$	18	\$	38,134,972	\$	11,026

# **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	_	alance 01, 2021	Re	classifications	Additions	Deletions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2022
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	75,980,338	\$	-	\$ 42,642	\$ -	\$	76,022,980
Construction in progress		6,702,730		-	39,704,546	514,815		45,892,461
Total capital assets not being depreciated		82,683,068		-	39,747,188	514,815		121,915,441
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		35,981,428		-	414,700	-		36,396,128
Buildings & improvements		631,905,593		(3,220,908)	136,701	-		628,821,386
Furniture & equipment		45,133,096		-	500,171	7,682		45,625,585
Total capital assets being depreciated		713,020,117		(3,220,908)	1,051,572	7,682		710,843,099
Less: Accumulated depreciation								_
Land improvements		21,985,378		-	1,550,276	-		23,535,654
Buildings & improvements		130,124,787		(1,835,918)	15,455,966	-		143,744,835
Furniture & equipment		41,069,043		-	1,179,182	7,682		42,240,543
Total accumulated depreciation		193,179,208		(1,835,918)	18,185,424	7,682		209,521,032
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		519,840,909		(1,384,990)	(17,133,852)	-		501,322,067
Lease assets being amortized								
Buildings & improvements		-		3,220,908	-	-		3,220,908
Total lease assets being amortized		-		3,220,908	-	-		3,220,908
Less: Accumulated amortization for lease assets								
Buildings & improvements		-		1,835,918	64,418	-		1,900,336
Total accumulated amortization for lease assets		-		1,835,918	64,418	-		1,900,336
Total lease assets being amortized, net		-		1,384,990	(64,418)	-		1,320,572
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	602,523,977	\$	-	\$ 22,548,918	\$ 514,815	\$	624,558,080

# **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)**

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 17,309,887
Instructional supervision and administration	625
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,321
School site administration	62,729
Home-to-school transportation	121,574
Food services	77,049
All other pupil services	2,606
Centralized data processing	41,378
All other general administration	323,227
Plant services	293,822
Ancillary services	7,349
Community services	4,451
Enterprise activities	 2,824
Total	\$ 18,249,842

## **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

# A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds												
		Non-Major												
			Ca	pital Facilities	G٥١	ernmental	Intern	nal Service	CI	nild Care				
Due To Other Funds	Ger	General Fund		Fund		Funds	I	Fund	Enterprise Fund			Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,642	\$	197	\$	6,717	\$	9,556		
County School Facilities Fund		-		38,717,949		-		-		-		38,717,949		
Non-Major Governmental Funds		454,677		-		-		-		-		454,677		
Child Care Enterprise Fund		150,150		-		-		-		-		150,150		
Total	\$	604,827	\$	38,717,949	\$	2,642	\$	197	\$	6,717	\$	39,332,332		
Due from the General Fund to the Cafe	eteria Fund	for catering se	rvice	s.							\$	2,642		
Due from the General Fund to the Child	d Care Ente	rprise Fund fo	r mis	cellaneous expe	nditure	s.						6,717		
Due from the General Fund to the Self	Insurance I	und for misce	ellane	ous expenditure	s.							197		
Due from the Adult Education Fund to	the General	Fund for indir	ect c	osts.								3,103		
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the Ge	neral Fund	for miscellane	ous e	expenditures, ind	irect co	sts, and OPE	3 costs.					451,574		
	Fund to the		00 E											
Due from the County School Facilities	runa to the	Capital Faciliti	es ru	and for state sch	ooi taci	ities projects.						38,717,949		
Due from the County School Facilities  Due from the Child Care Enterprise Fu						ities projects.						38,717,949 150,150		

# NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

# B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Interfund Transfers In						
	Cap							
Interfund Transfers Out		Fund		Total				
County School Facilities Fund	\$	38,717,949	\$	38,717,949				
Non-Major Governmental Funds		4,349,000		4,349,000				
Total	\$	43,066,949	\$	43,066,949				
Transfer from the County School Facilities Fund to the Capital Facilities Fund for state school facilities projects.			\$	38,717,949				
Transfer from the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units to the Capital Facilities Fund for lease revenue bond	debt service	e payments.		4,349,000				
Total			\$	43,066,949				

# **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major						
			Ca	pital Facilities	G	Governmental		Governmental			usiness-Type	
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities	Activities		
Payroll	\$	4,091,002	\$	9,332	\$	85,403	\$ -	\$	4,185,737	\$	91,284	
Construction		-		5,335,473		-	-		5,335,473		-	
Vendors payable		4,583,486		-		74,400	-		4,657,886		10,821	
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	8,028,905		8,028,905		-	
Due to grantor government		3,489,417		-		-	-		3,489,417		-	
Total	\$	12,163,905	\$	5,344,805	\$	159,803	\$ 8,028,905	\$	25,697,418	\$	102,105	

## **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		
			G	overnmental	G	Sovernmental
	G	eneral Fund		Funds		Activities
Federal sources	\$	1,078,323	\$	-	\$	1,078,323
State categorical sources		562,539		-		562,539
Local sources		1,128,467		113,840		1,242,307
Total	\$	2,769,329	\$	113,840	\$	2,883,169

#### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Balance July 01, 2021			Additions Deductions			Balance June 30, 2022			Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$	279,770,706	\$	-	\$	6,090,285	\$	273,680,421	\$	5,201,945
Unamortized premium		15,191,207		-		913,262		14,277,945		913,262
Accreted interest		55,103,847		8,109,641		569,715		62,643,773		-
Total general obligation bonds		350,065,760		8,109,641		7,573,262		350,602,139		6,115,207
Lease revenue bonds		69,118,327		-		1,530,000		67,588,327		1,715,000
Unamortized premium		10,563,051		-		528,152		10,034,899		528,153
Unamortized discount		(863,055)		-		(45,424)		(817,631)		(45,424)
Accreted interest		2,532,161		342,348		-		2,874,509		-
Total lease revenue bonds		81,350,484		342,348		2,012,728		79,680,104		2,197,729
CFD and RDA bonds		75,175,000		3,085,000		3,270,000		74,990,000		3,395,000
Unamortized premium		7,432,688		387,233		480,448		7,339,473		467,358
Total CFD and RDA bonds		82,607,688		3,472,233		3,750,448		82,329,473		3,862,358
Certificates of participation		3,780,833		-		905,471		2,875,362		930,825
Leases payable		1,711,151		-		223,604		1,487,547		178,507
Early retirement incentive		756,546		2,194,125		378,273		2,572,398		1,124,288
Compensated absences		1,504,795		28,470		-		1,533,265		-
Total OPEB liability		102,210,663		-		9,260,297		92,950,366		-
Net pension liability		256,278,604		-		123,970,271		132,308,333		-
Total	\$	880,266,524	\$	14,146,817	\$	148,074,354	\$	746,338,987	\$	14,408,914

	E	Balance				Balance	Balance Due
	July	y 01, 2021	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2022	In One Year
Business-Type Activities							
Compensated absences	\$	93,109	\$	-	\$ 19,054	\$ 74,055	\$ -
Net pension liability		812,629		-	539,258	273,371	=_
Total	\$	905,738	\$ ·	-	\$ 558,312	\$ 347,426	\$ -

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on lease revenue bonds and RDA bonds are made in the Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments on CFD bonds are made in the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units.
- Payments for leases payable are made in the General Fund and Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments on certificates of participation are made in the Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

## A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences for governmental activities, as of June 30, 2022, amounted to \$1,533,265. In addition, compensated absences related to business-type activities amounted to \$74,055 at June 30, 2022. These amounts are included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **B.** Early Retirement Incentive

Debt service requirements on early retirement incentives at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Payment			
2023	\$	1,124,288		
2024		746,015		
2025		702,095		
Total	\$	2,572,398		

#### C. Leases Payable

The District entered into a agreement to lease certain real property. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB No. 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of commencement.

The District has entered into a lease agreement for a Public Works Yard and requires various monthly payments. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 5.9%, which is the implicit rate in the lease agreement. As a result, the District has recorded a right to use lease asset with a net book value of \$1,487,547 on June 30, 2022.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lea	se Payment
2023	\$	260,475
2024		197,811
2025		197,811
2026		197,811
2027		197,811
2028 - 2032		890,151
Total minimum lease payments		1,941,870
Less amount representing interest		454,323
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,487,547

#### D. Certificates of Participation

In March 2015, the District issued \$5,000,000 in Certificates of Participation to finance and provide for the construction, installation, and completion of certain public improvements. Lease payments are required to be made by the District under the agreement each March through 2025 with an interest rate of 2.95 percent. The agreement is between the District and the Public Property Financing Corporation with Deutsche Bank National as trustee. At June 30, 2022, the principal outstanding was \$1,220,000.

In October 2015, the District issued \$3,320,000 in Certificates of Participation for the sole purchase of refunding the 2004 lease revenue bonds. Lease payments are required to be made by the District under the agreement each October through 2024 with an interest rate of 2.85 percent. The agreement is between the District and the Public Property Financing Corporation with MUFG Union Bank as trustee. At June 30, 2022, the principal outstanding was \$1,655,362.

# D. <u>Certificates of Participation (continued)</u>

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2023	\$ 930,825	\$ 77,974	\$	1,008,799		
2024	956,632	50,767		1,007,399		
2025	987,905	22,737		1,010,642		
Total	\$ 2,875,362	\$ 151,478	\$	3,026,840		

# E. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

					Bonds					Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding				(	Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2021	Additions		Deductions	J	une 30, 2022
Election 2010, Series A	6/22/2011	8/1/2038	1.38% - 6.35%	\$ 142,046,476	\$ 20,758,220	\$	-	\$ 3,040,000	\$	17,718,220
Election 2010, Series B	4/25/2012	8/1/2051	5.66% - 12.00%	64,995,522	64,297,517		-	219,977		64,077,540
Election 2010, Series C	4/30/2014	8/1/2040	1.83% - 5.31%	74,702,799	2,104,969		-	595,308		1,509,661
Election 2010, Series D	10/31/2017	8/1/2021	3.00% - 4.00%	5,255,000	825,000		-	825,000		-
2017 Refunding Bonds	10/31/2017	8/1/2038	2.00% - 5.00%	109,915,000	106,920,000		-	300,000		106,620,000
2020 Refunding Bonds	1/14/2020	8/1/2040	1.62% - 3.38%	86,765,000	84,865,000		-	1,110,000		83,755,000
Total					\$ 279,770,706	\$ •	-	\$ 6,090,285	\$	273,680,421

Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total			
2023	\$	5,201,945	\$	9,640,981	\$	14,842,926		
2024		4,917,957		10,002,242		14,920,199		
2025		5,402,972		10,175,087		15,578,059		
2026		5,522,935		10,713,395		16,236,330		
2027		5,646,760		11,283,866		16,930,626		
2028 - 2032		43,444,699		51,378,779		94,823,478		
2033 - 2037		70,365,491		44,524,947		114,890,438		
2038 - 2042		88,319,999		26,873,668		115,193,667		
2043 - 2047		17,669,111		94,900,410		112,569,521		
2048 - 2052		27,188,552		199,897,561		227,086,113		
Total	\$	273,680,421	\$	469,390,936	\$	743,071,357		

## F. <u>Lease Revenue Bonds</u>

Lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

					Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2021	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2022
Lease Revenue Series 2010	6/3/2010	8/15/2040	2.50% - 6.81%	\$ 51,448,327	\$ 2,483,327	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,483,327
Lease Revenue Series 2017	7/11/2017	8/15/2040	2.00% - 5.25%	69,265,000	66,635,000		-	1,530,000	65,105,000
Total					\$ 69,118,327	\$	-	\$ 1,530,000	\$ 67,588,327

Debt service requirements on the lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Total			
2023	\$ 1,715,000	\$ 3,298,250	\$ 5,013,250		
2024	1,945,000	3,212,500	5,157,500		
2025	2,175,000	3,115,250	5,290,250		
2026	2,415,000	3,006,500	5,421,500		
2027	2,685,000	2,885,750	5,570,750		
2028 - 2032	15,696,276	16,605,099	32,301,375		
2033 - 2037	17,957,051	19,395,074	37,352,125		
2038 - 2041	23,000,000	3,015,275	26,015,275		
Total	\$ 67,588,327	\$ 54,533,698	\$ 122,122,025		

# G. CFD and RDA Bonds

CFD and RDA bonds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2022
CFD 2001 Bonds	3/21/2001	9/1/2024	3.25% - 5.00%	\$ 10,380,000	\$ 515,000	\$ -	\$ 165,000	\$ 350,000
CFD #5 2014 Refunding	8/7/2014	9/1/2032	2.50% - 5.00%	17,600,000	12,675,000	-	955,000	11,720,000
CFD #4 2014 Refunding	8/7/2014	9/1/2030	2.50% - 5.00%	10,455,000	7,845,000	-	485,000	7,360,000
CFD #4 2016 Refunding	10/5/2016	9/1/2036	2.00% - 4.00%	7,625,000	6,410,000	-	315,000	6,095,000
CFD #7 Series 2019	2/7/2019	9/1/2048	2.00% - 5.00%	7,040,000	6,840,000	-	45,000	6,795,000
RDA 2018 Refunding Bonds	10/18/2018	10/1/2039	3.75% - 5.00%	39,815,000	37,475,000	-	1,210,000	36,265,000
CFD #11 Series 2019	11/21/2019	9/1/2049	2.50% - 3.125%	3,415,000	3,415,000	-	95,000	3,320,000
CFD #8 Series 2021	10/21/2021	9/1/2051	0.04%	3,085,000		3,085,000	-	3,085,000
Total					\$ 75,175,000	\$ 3,085,000	\$ 3,270,000	\$ 74,990,000

#### G. CFD and RDA Bonds (continued)

Debt service requirements on the CFD and RDA bonds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 3,416,118	\$ 6,811,118		
2024	3,520,000	3,268,907	6,788,907		
2025	3,610,000	3,097,957	6,707,957		
2026	3,755,000	2,922,857	6,677,857		
2027	3,935,000	2,740,857	6,675,857		
2028 - 2032	21,915,000	10,704,401	32,619,401		
2033 - 2037	17,080,000	5,950,413	23,030,413		
2038 - 2042	11,200,000	2,317,634	13,517,634		
2043 - 2047	3,795,000	1,041,775	4,836,775		
2048 - 2052	2,785,000	248,475	3,033,475		
Total	\$ 74,990,000	\$ 35,709,393	\$ 110,699,393		

## H. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$102,210,663 and decreased by \$9,260,297 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$92,950,366. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

## I. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability in the governmental activities was \$256,278,604 and decreased by \$123,970,271 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability in governmental activities at June 30, 2022 was \$132,308,333. The District's beginning net pension liability related to business-type activities was \$812,629 and decreased by \$539,258 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability in the business-type activities at June 30, 2022 was \$273,371. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

# **NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	ounty School acilities Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Non-spendable									
Revolving cash	\$	340,000	\$	=	\$ =	\$	10,000	\$	350,000
Stores inventory		154,331		=	=		385,494		539,825
Prepaid expenditures		36,271		-	=		-		36,271
Total non-spendable		530,602		-	-		395,494		926,096
Restricted	-								
Permanent fund balance		-		-	=		39,172		39,172
Educational programs		16,923,962		-	=		105,065		17,029,027
Food service		-		-	-		11,587,887		11,587,887
Associated student body		-		-	=		1,425,628		1,425,628
Capital projects		-		73,639,109	33,590,053		22,967,529		130,196,691
Debt service		-		-	-		14,779,314		14,779,314
Total restricted		16,923,962		73,639,109	33,590,053		50,904,595		175,057,719
Committed									
Other commitments		6,805,000		-	=		-		6,805,000
Total committed	·	6,805,000		-	-		-		6,805,000
Unassigned		21,994,096		-	-		-		21,994,096
Total Fund Balance	\$	46,253,660	\$	73,639,109	\$ 33,590,053	\$	51,300,089	\$	204,782,911

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

## NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description

The San Marcos Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, San Marcos Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

## B. Benefits Provided

Active employees are offered a choice of HMO and PPO medical plans (several United Healthcare HMOs with varying network access, United Healthcare PPOs and a Kaiser HMO), two dental plans (Delta Premier and Delta DPO), and one vision plan (VSP). Eligible retirees under age 65 are eligible for the same medical plans as active employees. Eligible retirees upon reaching age 65 are eligible for the Kaiser Senior Advantage Plan or Hartford Medicare Supplement Plan including a Prescription Drug Plan and Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements. Future retirees and retirees who turn age 65 on or after July 1, 2010 electing a Medicare Supplement Plan will be covered under the Hartford GRIP Supplement Plan and a Prescription Drug Plan.

### **Classified Employees**

Classified employees hired prior to July 1, 2007, who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service and who are covered under District health benefits at retirement are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits. Retiree medical benefits cease at age 65 except for employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 with at least 10 years of benefit eligible service at retirement. These employees are eligible to receive post-65 medical coverage including Medicare Part B and Part A premium reimbursements for the retiree only.

Spouses of retirees also receive District-paid medical up to the spouse's attainment of age 65, if the retiree is also receiving medical benefits. Effective June 30, 2012, for eligible employees retiring on or after July 1, 2007, spouse coverage will cease when the retiree attains age 65. Dental and vision coverage is available to the retiree and eligible dependents through COBRA continuation coverage only.

For eligible employees who retired or retire on or after July 1, 2007, the District pays 100% of the cost for medical coverage up to an annual maximum which shall not exceed the 2020 annual Kaiser premiums for each tier (\$601 monthly for single coverage, \$1,186 monthly for two-party coverage and \$1,672 monthly for family coverage). The applicable maximum is based on the applicable maximum for similarly situated active employees excluding dental and vision. Retirees with lifetime benefits are not subject to a maximum for post-65 coverage and receive Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements.

For eligible employees who retired prior to July 1, 2007, the District's contribution for pre-65 coverage is limited to the "standard" UHC HMO two-party rate (currently the UHC HMO Network 1-D rate).

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 receive no retiree health benefits.

## NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### B. Benefits Provided (continued)

## **Certificated (including Confidential & Management)**

Certificated employees hired prior to July 1, 1996 who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service and who are covered under District health benefits at retirement are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits for life. Certificated employees hired on or after July 1, 1996 who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits to the retiree's attainment of age 65.

Spouses of retirees also receive District-paid medical up to the spouse's attainment of age 65. Spousal coverage will terminate when the spouse reaches 65 years of age, regardless of the retiree's age. Dental and vision coverage is available to the retiree and eligible dependents through COBRA continuation coverage only.

For eligible employees who retired or retire on or after July 1, 2007, the District pays 100% of the cost for medical coverage up to an annual maximum which shall not exceed the 2018 annual Kaiser premiums for each tier (\$553 monthly for single coverage, \$1,090 monthly for two-party coverage and \$1,537 monthly for family coverage). The applicable maximum is based on the applicable maximum for similarly situated active employees excluding dental and vision. Retirees with lifetime benefits are not subject to a maximum for post-65 coverage and receive Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements.

For eligible employees who retired prior to July 1, 2007, the District's contribution for pre-65 coverage is limited to the "standard" UHC HMO two-party rate (currently the UHC HMO Network 1-D rate).

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 receive no retiree health benefits.

#### **Board Members**

Board Members do not receive District-paid health benefits at retirement.

## C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$4,438,912 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums

# D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

participants
487
-
513
1,000

Number of

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date

## NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### E. Total OPEB Liability

The San Marcos Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$92,950,366 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

# **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation 2.50%
Payroll growth rate 2.75%
Discount rate 3.54%
Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00%

#### Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS Mortality

Classified 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees

Retirement rates:

Certificated Management Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates

Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@62 Rates

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates

Classified 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools Employees

Management Hired 2012 and earlier: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools

**Employees** 

Hired 2013 and later: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for Schools

**Employees** 

The rate used for a funded plan is the real rate of return expected for plan assets plus the long term inflation assumption. For an unfunded plan, the discount rate is based on an index of 20 year General Obligation municipal bonds rated AA or higher. For partially funded plans, the discount rate is a blend of the funded and unfunded rates. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed sixteen years.

# NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	J	une 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	1,927,195
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,210,910
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,464,043
Changes of assumptions		(13,423,533)
Benefits payments		(4,438,912)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(9,260,297)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		102,210,663
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	92,950,366
Covered-employee payroll	\$	48,247,500
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		192.65%

# H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the San Marcos Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Valuation			
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate			
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 103,449,152	\$ 92,950,366	\$ 84,058,723		

## I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the San Marcos Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Hea	althcare Cost		
	19	6 Decrease	7	Trend Rate	1	l% Increase
		(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	83,169,436	\$	92,950,366	\$	104,483,267

# NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the San Marcos Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,313,896. At June 30, 2022, the San Marcos Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and		_			
actual experience	\$	3,472,033	\$	2,940,869	
Changes in assumptions		3,830,900		10,440,525	
Total	\$	7,302,933	\$	13,381,394	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		De	ferred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources			of Resources
2023	\$	1,758,190	\$	3,571,182
2024		1,758,190		3,571,182
2025		1,758,190		3,571,182
2026		1,262,183		2,079,675
2027		766,180		588,173
Total	\$	7,302,933	\$	13,381,394

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	ı	Net pension	out	Deferred flows related	De	ferred inflows related to		
		liability	t	o pensions		pensions	Pen	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	88,143,068	\$	43,890,017	\$	86,683,383	\$	4,476,242
PERS Pension		44,438,636		10,705,213		17,158,986		5,756,931
Total	\$	132,581,704	\$	54,595,230	\$	103,842,369	\$	10,233,173

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

## **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$19,120,596 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$12,456,499 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

\$ 88,143,068
44,351,096
\$ 132,494,164
\$

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.194 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

## **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,476,242. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(7,730,353) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	69,723,437
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	220,803		9,380,260
Changes in assumptions	12,488,936		-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	12,059,682		7,579,686
District contributions subsequent			
to the measurement date	19,120,596		-
Total	\$ 43,890,017	\$	86,683,383

The \$19,120,596 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources of Resource			
2023	\$	9,065,012	\$	22,106,973
2024		8,525,548		20,237,423
2025		2,879,572		19,316,302
2026		2,149,644		21,911,704
2027		2,149,645		1,684,292
2028				1,426,689
Total	\$	24,769,421	\$	86,683,383

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018...

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

## **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	 _		_	 
the net pension liability	\$ 179,427,738	\$	88,143,068	\$ 12,378,534

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

#### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$7,712,520 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$44,438,636 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.219 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

## **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

## B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,756,931. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and	•		•	17.054.000		
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	17,054,226		
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		1,326,607		104,760		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		1,666,086		-		
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		7,712,520				
Total	\$	10,705,213	\$	17,158,986		

The \$7,712,520 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,		rred Outflows Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
_	2023	\$	1.854.269	\$	4,312,105					
	2024	*	1,098,269	Ψ	3,968,175					
	2025		40,155		4,135,595					
	2026		-		4,743,111					
	Total	\$	2,992,693	\$	17,158,986					

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of	<u></u>	_			 _
the net pension liability	\$	74,929,781	\$	44,438,636	\$ 19,124,445

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

## B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

## NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

#### C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects as follows:

		Remaining	
Project	_	onstruction commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Double Peak School - Original Construction	\$		Pending final site acquisition
Double Peak School - Kindergarten Building	Ψ	•	August 2023
Joli Ann Leichtag Playground Equipment/Surfacing Replacement			December 2022
Knob Hill Roof Beam Replacement		472,633	August 2022
Mission Hills Shade Structure		230,678	August 2022
San Elijo Elementary Technology Upgrades Bldg 600		117,434	Pending
San Marcos High School Agricultural Farm		131,926	August 2023
Richland Elementary		33,416,004	_August 2023
Total	_\$_	35,442,267	_

#### **NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District participates in one joint powers agreement (JPA) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurance for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Additional information can be obtained by contacting the JPA at 6401 Linda Vista Road, San Diego, California 92111.

#### NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2022, the deferred amount on refunding was \$24,932,322.

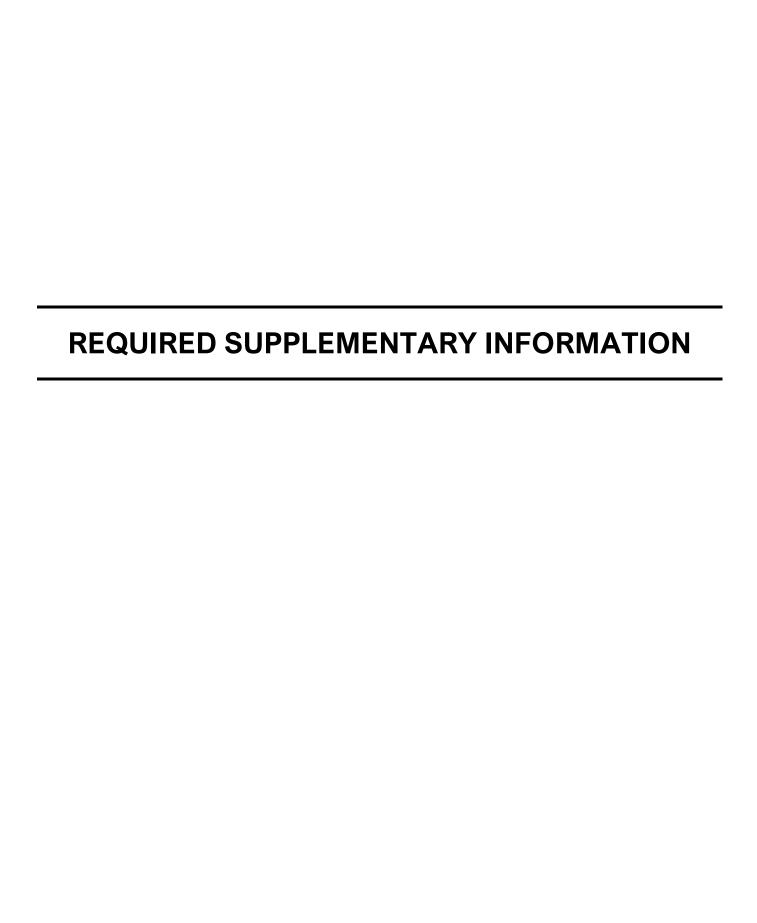
## NOTE 14 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (continued)

#### B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2022, total combined deferred outflows related to pensions was \$54,595,230 and total combined deferred inflows related to pensions was \$103,842,369.

# C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2022, the total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$7,302,933 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$13,381,394.



# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted An	nounts		Actual*	Va	riances -
	Original	Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fina	al to Actual
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 197,197,421 \$	197,735,528	\$	197,821,887	\$	86,359
Federal sources	19,600,207	21,103,720		21,433,875		330,155
Other state sources	23,895,911	27,443,880		32,191,313		4,747,433
Other local sources	 15,005,967	17,367,576		18,983,449		1,615,873
Total Revenues	 255,699,506	263,650,704		270,430,524		6,779,820
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries	108,440,095	112,794,964		114,374,151		(1,579,187)
Classified salaries	38,484,771	39,163,251		39,012,693		150,558
Employee benefits	75,492,275	75,625,015		76,691,054		(1,066,039)
Books and supplies	12,044,920	12,600,628		9,074,192		3,526,436
Services and other operating expenditures	27,678,558	23,015,167		23,312,816		(297,649)
Capital outlay	359,500	472,101		356,280		115,821
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	1,191,090	1,195,590		762,802		432,788
Transfers of indirect costs	 (214,564)	(92,684)		(219,082)		126,398
Total Expenditures	263,476,645	264,774,032		263,364,906		1,409,126
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 (7,777,139)	(1,123,328)		7,065,618		8,188,946
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	 (150,000)	-		-		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (150,000)	-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,927,139)	(1,123,328)		7,065,618		8,188,946
Fund Balance - Beginning	 40,323,661	40,323,661		40,323,661		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 32,396,522 \$	39,200,333	\$ 47,389,279		\$	8,188,946

<sup>\*</sup>Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include a reclassification of federal revenues for Medi-Cal Administrative Activities programs to local revenues, a reclassification of early retirement incentive payments, and a fair value adjustment to cash in county treasury.

# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022		J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	1,927,195	\$	1,875,616	\$	1,520,925	\$	1,520,925	\$	1,502,989
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,210,910		2,668,890		3,039,430		3,217,173		3,141,241
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,464,043		(4,117,217)		(6,915,195)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(13,423,533)		5,363,260		9,881,544		3,929,075		(1,116,086)
Benefits payments		(4,438,912)		(4,050,347)		(4,050,347)		(4,142,717)		(3,889,875)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(9,260,297)		1,740,202		3,476,357		4,524,456		(361,731)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		102,210,663		100,470,461		96,994,104		92,469,648		92,831,379
Total OPEB liability - ending	_\$_	92,950,366	\$	102,210,663	\$	100,470,461	\$	96,994,104	\$	92,469,648
Covered-employee payroll	\$	48,247,500	\$	53,546,116	\$	52,113,000	\$	48,533,202	\$	49,683,000
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		192.65%		190.88%		192.79%		199.85%		186.12%

# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	J	une 30, 2022	J	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.194%		0.196%		0.179%		0.184%		0.178%		0.169%		0.173%		0.158%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	88,143,068	\$	190,147,806	\$	161,726,277	\$	169,130,100	\$	164,366,199	\$	140,102,044	\$	112,420,785	\$	91,746,090	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	44,351,096 132,494,164	\$	98,020,423 288,168,229	\$	88,233,194 249,959,471	\$	96,835,366 265,965,466	-\$	97,238,448 261,604,647	\$	74,044,823 214,146,867	\$	62,274,619 174,695,404		53,878,755 145,624,845	
District's covered payroll	\$	105,864,021	\$	106,674,619	\$	97,697,753	\$	98,882,242	\$	94,544,459	\$	86,061,631	\$	76,961,227	\$	70,088,800	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		83.26%		178.25%		165.54%		171.04%		173.85%		162.79%		146.07%		130.90%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.20%		71.80%		72.60%		71.00%		69.50%		70.00%		74.00%		76.50%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	J	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.219%		0.218%		0.205%		0.204%		0.199%		0.191%		0.188%		0.191%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	44,438,636	\$	66,943,427	\$	59,663,798	\$	54,407,937	\$	47,410,470	\$	37,980,557	\$	27,763,644	\$	21,671,798
District's covered payroll	\$	31,599,540	\$	32,651,119	\$	28,693,151	\$	27,118,428	\$	25,371,097	\$	23,287,617	\$	20,946,258	\$	20,042,126
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		140.63%		205.03%		207.94%		200.63%		186.87%		163.09%		132.55%		108.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.00%		70.00%		70.00%		70.80%		71.90%		73.90%		79.40%		83.40%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	J	une 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		Jı	ine 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	19,120,596	\$	17,156,503	\$	17,783,302	\$	16,323,634	\$	14,236,449	\$	11,893,693	\$	8,813,587	\$	6,658,167
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(19,120,596)		(17,156,503)		(17,783,302)		(16,323,634)		(14,236,449)		(11,893,693)		(8,813,587)		(6,658,167)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	113,310,928	\$	105,864,021	\$	106,674,619	\$	97,697,753	\$	98,882,242	\$	94,544,459	\$	86,061,631	\$	76,961,227
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.87%		16.21%		16.67%		16.71%		14.40%		12.58%		10.24%		8.65%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,712,520	\$	6,456,867	\$	6,024,583	\$	5,111,048	\$	4,076,409	\$	3,523,538	\$	3,179,710	\$	2,641,574
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(7,712,520)		(6,456,867)		(6,024,583)		(5,111,048)		(4,076,409)		(3,523,538)		(3,179,710)		(2,641,574)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	34,598,115	\$	31,599,540	\$	32,651,119	\$	28,693,151	\$	27,118,428	\$	25,371,097	\$	23,287,617	\$	20,946,258

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 2.19% to 3.54%. Additionally, the inflation rate changed since the prior measurement date from 2.75% to 2.50%.

#### **Schedule of the District Contributions for OPEB**

This 10-year schedule is not required to be presented as there was no actuarially determined contribution, nor any contribution requirement established by statute or contract.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

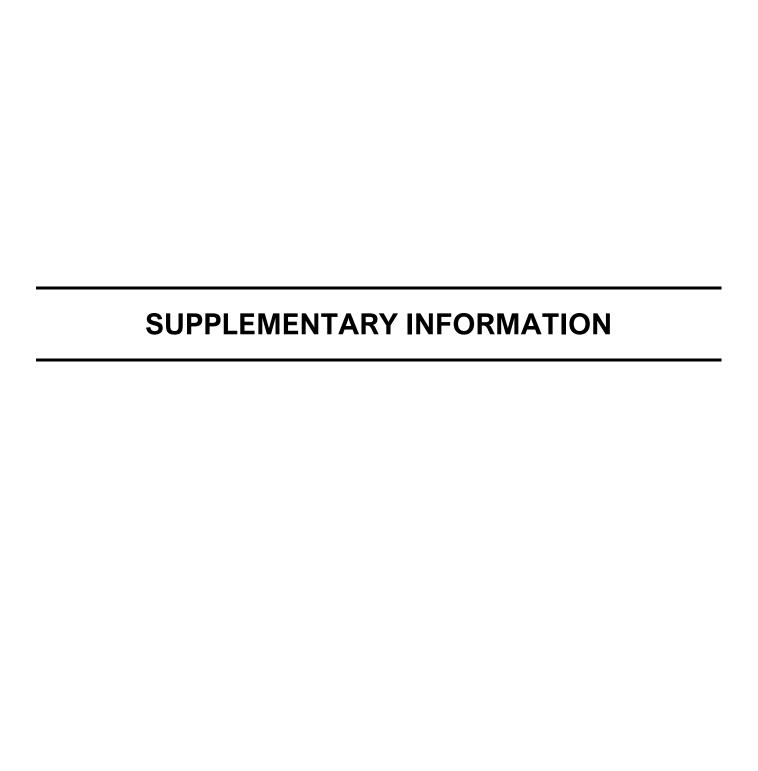
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

		Expenditures and Other Uses									
	' <u>-</u>	Budget		Actual		Excess					
General Fund	' <u>-</u>										
Certificated salaries	\$	112,794,964	\$	114,374,151	\$	1,579,187					
Employee benefits	\$	75,625,015	\$	76,691,054	\$	1,066,039					
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	23,015,167	\$	23,312,816	\$	297,649					



#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education: Title I, Part A			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 2,370,917
Comprehensive Support and Improvement for LEAs	84.010	15438	166,451
Subtotal Title I, Part A			2,537,368
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	3,749
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	806,844
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	320,996
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	110,495
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14349	414,598
Special Education Cluster [1]			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	2,884,838
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	233,848
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	94,727
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	926
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			3,214,339
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)	84.048	14894	147,398
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	144,757
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	1,492,543
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	5,647,359
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	4,208,507
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	488,574
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D	15618	862,549
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425C	15619	445,500
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			13,289,789
Total U. S. Department of Education			20,845,576
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:  Passed through California Department of Education:  COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO: Child Nutrition Cluster  School Breakfast Program - Basic School Breakfast Program - Needy National School Lunch Program USDA Commodities [2] Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds SNP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR) Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Pandemic EBT Local Admin Grant  Passed through California Department of Social Services: CACFP CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care CACFP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR) Subtotal CACFP	10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555 10.555 10.582 10.649	13525 13526 13391 * 15655 15637 14968 15644	226,426 1,518,352 7,737,893 571,678 461,813 39,054 10,555,216 115,309 5,814 5,269,699 45,939 5 315 638
Subtotal CACFP Total U. S. Department of Agriculture  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Passed through California Department of Airforce:			5,315,638 15,991,977
Airforce Junior ROTC	12.800	*	70,971
Total U. S. Department of Defense	12.000		70,971
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through San Diego County Office of Education:  Demonstration Grants for Domestic Victims of Severe Forms of Human Trafficking  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services  Total Federal Expenditures	93.327	*	6,186 6,186 \$ 36,914,710
i otal i euclai Experiultures			Ψ 50,314,710

<sup>[1] -</sup> Major Program

<sup>[2] -</sup> In-Kind Contribution
\* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Second Period Report	Revised Second Period Report	Original Annual Report	Revised Annual Report
	Certificate No. 3F07DBA2	N/A*	Certificate No. 75724FF2	N/A*
SCHOOL DISTRICT	JI UI DDAZ	IN/A	73724112	IN/A
TK/K through Third				
Regular ADA	5,103.98	5,132.79	5,119.40	5,147.08
Extended Year Special Education	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.04	0.04	0.31	0.31
Total TK/K through Third	5,113.12	5,141.93	5,128.81	5,156.49
Fourth through Sixth				
Regular ADA	4,047.69	4,077.42	4,060.00	4,089.10
Extended Year Special Education	4.53	4.53	4.53	4.53
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.19	3.19	3.54	3.54
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,055.84	4,085.57	4,068.50	4,097.60
Seventh through Eighth		_		
Regular ADA	2,701.40	2,725.62	2,705.59	2,729.99
Extended Year Special Education	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.81	0.81	1.15	1.15
Total Seventh through Eighth	2,705.86	2,730.08	2,710.39	2,734.79
Ninth through Twelfth				
Regular ADA	6,208.94	6,126.18	6,210.34	6,129.16
Extended Year Special Education	5.29	5.29	5.29	5.29
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	16.15	16.15	17.48	17.48
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	2.81	2.81	2.81	2.81
Total Ninth through Twelfth	6,233.19	6,150.43	6,235.92	6,154.74
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,108.01	18,108.01	18,143.62	18,143.62

<sup>\*</sup>There is no certificate number associated with the revised attendance reports as the amounts are derived from a finding. See Finding #2022-003 for additional information.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,100	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,690	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,690	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,690	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,690	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,690	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	56,158	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	56,158	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	56,158	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,024	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,024	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,024	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,024	180	Complied

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2	023 (Budget)		2022		2021		2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis***	ф.	270 040 204	¢	270 420 524	¢	260 201 757	\$	238.120.174
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	278,040,291 271,686,394	\$	270,430,524 263,364,906	\$	260,201,757 248,076,420	Ф	242,688,251
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	6,353,897	\$	7,065,618	\$	12,125,337	\$	(4,568,077)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	53,743,176	\$	47,389,279	\$	40,323,661	\$	28,198,324
Available Reserves*	\$	28,669,124	\$	21,994,096	\$	25,764,777	\$	20,206,194
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		10.55%		8.35%		10.39%		8.33%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	731,930,073	\$	746,338,987	\$	880,266,524	\$	852,940,450
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		18,769		18,108		20,063		20,063

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$19,190,955 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a further increase of \$6,353,897. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$106,601,463 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,955 ADA over the past two years. However, an increase of 661 ADA is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include a fair value adjustment to cash in county treasury.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund	,	Adult Education Fund		Cafeteria Fund		ndation Special evenue Fund
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	47,389,279	\$	53,486	\$	12,179,280	\$	54,418
Fair value adjustment (GASB 31)		(1,135,619)		(1,502)		(195,899)		(1,337)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(1,135,619)		(1,502)		(195,899)		(1,337)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	46,253,660	\$	51,984	\$	11,983,381	\$	53,081
	Ca <sub>l</sub>	pital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund	F	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Fun	pital Projects d for Blended nponent Units
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	74,588,539	\$	34,960,994	\$	1,377,738	\$	21,709,878
Fair value adjustment (GASB 31)		(949,430)		(1,370,941)		(33,965)		(86,122)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(949,430)		(1,370,941)		(33,965)		(86,122)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	73,639,109	\$	33,590,053	\$	1,343,773	\$	21,623,756
		d Interest and	-	Foundation Permanent Fund	ı	nternal Service Fund		Child Care
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance/net position Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	emption Fund 15,153,737	\$	40,162	\$	18,303	\$	699,161
Fair value adjustment (GASB 31)		(374,423)		(990)		(203)		(23,069)
Compensated absences		-		-		-		(74,055)
Net pension liability (GASB 68)		-		-		-		(273,371)
Deferred outflows related to pensions (GASB 68) Deferred inflows related to pensions (GASB 68)		-		-		-		73,842 (420,896)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	-	(374.423)		(990)		(203)		(717,549)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance/net position	\$	14,779,314	\$	39,172	\$	18,100	\$	(18,388)

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Included in
Charter #	Charter School	Status	Audit Report
1983	Pivot Charter School - San Diego II	Active	No

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Stu	dent Activity Fund	Adı	ult Education Fund	Ca	afeteria Fund	Foundation ecial Revenue Fund	Fu	pecial Reserve and for Capital utlay Projects	F	Capital Projects und for Blended omponent Units	ond Interest and edemption Fund	P	Foundation ermanent Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash and investments	\$	1,425,628	\$	59,287	\$	7,742,569	\$ 52,959	\$	1,340,671	\$	21,584,880	\$ 14,779,314	\$	39,081	\$ 47,024,389
Accounts receivable		-		906		4,570,237	122		3,102		41,426	-		91	4,615,884
Due from other funds		-		-		2,642	-		-		-	-		-	2,642
Stores inventory		-		-		385,494	-		-		-	-		-	385,494
Total Assets	\$	1,425,628	\$	60,193	\$	12,700,942	\$ 53,081	\$	1,343,773	\$	21,626,306	\$ 14,779,314	\$	39,172	\$ 52,028,409
LIABILITIES															
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	5,106	\$	152,147	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,550	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 159,803
Due to other funds		-		3,103		451,574	-		-		-	-		-	454,677
Unearned revenue		-		-		113,840	-		-		-	-		-	113,840
Total Liabilities		-		8,209		717,561	-		-		2,550	-		-	728,320
FUND BALANCES															
Non-spendable		-		_		395,494	-		-		-	-		-	395,494
Restricted		1,425,628		51,984		11,587,887	53,081		1,343,773		21,623,756	14,779,314		39,172	50,904,595
Total Fund Balances		1,425,628		51,984		11,983,381	53,081		1,343,773		21,623,756	14,779,314		39,172	51,300,089
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,425,628	\$	60,193	\$	12,700,942	\$ 53,081	\$	1,343,773	\$	21,626,306	\$ 14,779,314	\$	39,172	\$ 52,028,409

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Foundation Special Revenue Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Foundation Permanent Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES					•	•	•		
LCFF sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	-	3,749	15,991,977	-	-	-	-	-	15,995,726
Other state sources	-	100,509	732,794	-	-	-	78,368	-	911,671
Other local sources	1,414,732	(1,208)	137,621	(950)	(24,115)	7,096,211	14,043,229	(703)	22,664,817
Total Revenues	1,414,732	103,050	16,862,392	(950)	(24,115)	7,096,211	14,121,597	(703)	39,572,214
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction	-	34,414	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,414
Instruction-related services									
School site administration	-	43,377	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,377
Pupil services									
Food services	-	-	4,784,186	-	-	-	-	-	4,784,186
General administration									
All other general administration	-	3,103	215,979	-	-	-	-	-	219,082
Plant services	-	-	181,872	-	-	422,135	-	-	604,007
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-	284,629	-	-	284,629
Ancillary services	1,226,933	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,226,933
Enterprise activities	-	-	4,810,968	-	-	-	-	-	4,810,968
Debt service									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	2,060,000	6,090,285	-	8,150,285
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	1,921,457	8,188,806	-	10,110,263
Total Expenditures	1,226,933	80,894	9,993,005	-	-	4,688,221	14,279,091	-	30,268,144
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	187,799	22,156	6,869,387	(950)	(24,115)	2,407,990	(157,494)	(703)	9,304,070
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Other sources	-	-	-	-	-	3,472,233	-	-	3,472,233
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	(4,349,000)	-	-	(4,349,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-	(876,767)	-	-	(876,767)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	187,799	22,156	6,869,387	(950)	(24,115)	1,531,223	(157,494)	(703)	8,427,303
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,237,829	29,828	5,113,994	54,031	1,367,888	20,092,533	14,936,808	39,875	42,872,786
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,425,628								

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Board of Supervisors of San Diego County adopted a resolution on May 27, 1975, creating a new unified school district comprising the area of Rich-Mar Union School District named "San Marcos Unified School District". The District serves the San Marcos community located in north San Diego County. The District operates ten elementary schools providing instruction in grades kindergarten through five, two schools providing instruction in grades kindergarten through eight, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, one continuation high school, one alternative high school, and sponsors one charter school. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Member	Office	Term Expires
Stacy Carlson	President	December 2022
Sydney Kerr	Vice President	December 2022
Jamie Chamberlin	Clerk	December 2024
Sarah Ahmad	Member	December 2024
Carlos Ulloa, Ed.D.	Member	December 2024

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Andrew Johnsen, Ed.D. Superintendent

Erin Garcia
Assistant Superintendent of Business Services

Tiffany Campbell, Ed.D.

Assistant Superintendent of Instructional Services

Henry Voros Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Lourdes Hernandez
Executive Director of Finance

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

#### **Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds**

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Marcos Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether San Marcos Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 6, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of San Marcos Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. San Marcos Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, San Marcos Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to San Marcos Unified School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on San Marcos Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 6, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

We have audited San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of San Marcos Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, San Marcos Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to San Marcos Unified School District's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on San Marcos Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings #2022-001, #2022-002, and #2022-003. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on San Marcos Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. San Marcos Unified School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 6, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
AL Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A Special Education Cluster	
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U  Special Education Cluster  Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	•
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 1,107,441
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
Additee qualified as low-risk additee:	163
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	-
with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**FIVE DIGIT CODE** 

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE AB 3627 FINDING TYPE				
10000	Attendance			
40000	State Compliance			
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs			
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction			
60000	Miscellaneous			
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries			
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan			
70000	Instructional Materials			
71000	Teacher Misassignments			
72000	School Accountability Report Card			

#### FINDING #2022-001: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (70000)

**Criteria:** California Education Code Section 60119 requires the governing board of each local education agency (LEA) to hold a public hearing and make a determination through a resolution, as to whether each pupil has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day of school for that year.

**Condition:** During our compliance testing of this area, we determined that students began attending school on August 17, 2021 while the annual public hearing regarding the sufficiency of instructional materials was held on October 19, 2021. Based on this review, the hearing took place nine weeks from the first day of school for the year.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with California Education Code Section 60119.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

**Questioned Costs:** None. There is no funding directly related to the sufficiency of instructional materials public hearing and board resolution.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure compliance with Education Code requirements regarding the sufficiency of instructional materials public hearing notice.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The public hearing and resolution regarding availability of instructional materials will be moved to the September board meeting date annually (which occurs on the 2nd Thursday of the month) to comply with Education Code 60119 that requires a school district hold an annual public hearing and adopt a resolution before the 8th week of school.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### FINDING #2022-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

**Criteria:** Students classified as free or reduced-price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. In addition, students classified as English learners (EL) must have supporting documentation to indicate that the student is appropriately classified as EL. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

**Condition:** Two (2) out of 25 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as English Learners (EL) under the ELAS designation and Paid under the NSLP designation, were inaccurately classified as of the 2021-22 census date. Auditors extrapolated each respective error rate across the respective population to determine a total adjustment of 74 unduplicated pupil counts. In each instance, a parent consultation occurred in early September 2021, which resulted in the determination that the student should be reclassified as Re-designated Fluent English Proficient (RFEP).

Cause: Misclassification of students in the student information system from which CALPADS reporting is derived.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with applicable State requirements.

Questioned Costs: \$43,554, as calculated below.

Item Number	Calculating the Cost of LCFF Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Finding	Data Input and alculated Fields
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	60,288
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	22,782
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment	-
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count	(74)
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment	60,288
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	22,708
7	UPP calculated as of P-2	0.3779
8	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.3767
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap	-
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	0.3767
11	Supplemental and Concentration Grant TK/K–3 ADA	6,015.83
12	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 4–6 ADA	4,511.77
13	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 7–8 ADA	3,248.76
14	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 9–12 ADA	6,282.52
15	Adjusted Base Grant per TK/K–3 ADA	\$ 8,935.00
16	Adjusted Base Grant per 4–6 ADA	\$ 8,215.00
17	Adjusted Base Grant per 7–8 ADA	\$ 8,458.00
18	Adjusted Base Grant per 9–12 ADA	\$ 10,057.00
19	Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$ 13,716,028.00
20	Revised Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$ 13,672,473.00
21	Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$ (43,555.00)
22	Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$ -
23	Revised Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$ -
24	Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$ -
25	Total Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	\$ (43,555.00)

(continued on the following page)

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## FINDING #2022-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District ensure that there are proper controls over FRPM and EL designations in the student information system in order to strengthen the accuracy of CALPADS reporting. This includes performing periodic reviews of system data for errors or irregularities.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The District has established a new protocol to ensure that students are designated appropriately in the student information system and therefore reported accurately in CALPADS.

#### FINDING #2022-003: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

**Criteria:** The Second Period and Annual reports submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) should reconcile to the supporting documents that support the local education agency's Average Daily Attendance (ADA) in accordance with California Education Code Section 46000 et seq.

**Condition:** During the testing of average daily attendance for the District's second reporting period and annual attendance reports, it was noted that all independent study ADA generated at the Foothills High School Independent Study program was recorded to grades ninth through twelfth, rather than allocated to their respective grade spans. The variances by grade span are as follows:

	Revised P2 - Unadjusted (Line A-1)	Revised P2 - Adjusted (Line A-1)	Difference	Revised Annual - Unadjusted (Line A-1)	Revised Annual - Adjusted (Line A-1)	Difference
Grad Span						
TK/Kindergarten through Third	5,103.98	5,132.79	28.81	5,119.40	5,147.08	27.68
Fourth through Sixth	4,047.69	4,077.42	29.73	4,060.00	4,089.10	29.10
Seventh through Eighth	2,701.40	2,725.62	24.22	2,705.59	2,729.99	24.40
Ninth through Twelfth	6,208.94	6,126.18	(82.76)	6,210.34	6,129.16	(81.18)
Total	18,062.01	18,062.01	-	18,095.33	18,095.33	-

Cause: Clerical oversight.

**Effect:** Incorrect reporting of Regular ADA in the Second Period and Annual attendance reports resulted in noncompliance with state regulations.

(continued on the following page)

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### FINDING #2022-003: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000) (continued)

**Questioned Costs:** \$135,324, as calculated using the Second Period Report in the table below. The errors noted for the District's P2 Attendance Report have not been revised to reflect the revised P2 report listed on the Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.

	Second Period Report ADA (Over)/Under Statement	Annual Report ADA (Over)/Under Statement	2021-22 Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span		Questioned Cost	
Grad Span						
TK/Kindergarten through Third	28.81	27.68	\$	9,610.31	\$	(276,873)
Fourth through Sixth	29.73	29.10	\$	8,835.89		(262,691)
Seventh through Eighth	24.22	24.40	\$	9,097.26		(220,336)
Ninth through Twelfth	(82.76)	(81.18)	\$	10,817.11		895,224
Total	-	-			\$	135,324

There is no question cost related to the error noted for the Annual Attendance Report since the District is not funded on Annual Attendance. The District's Annual Attendance Report has not been revised to reflect the revised Annual report listing on the Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.

**Repeat Finding:** This is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation**: We recommend that the District revise the Second Period and Annual attendance reports to reflect the revised ADA as noted above and establish proper procedures to ensure that the data within the attendance system and data reported on the Second Period and Annual attendance reports are accurate.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The clerical error resulting in the incorrect grade span reporting was identified and amended on our worksheets. The ADA for both P-2 and Annual reporting periods will be resubmitted to CDE to correct the ADA by grade span for Foothills High School. The San Diego County Office of Education will confirm when the PADC portal has the correction modes available for the submissions.

#### SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no audit findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.