SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2023



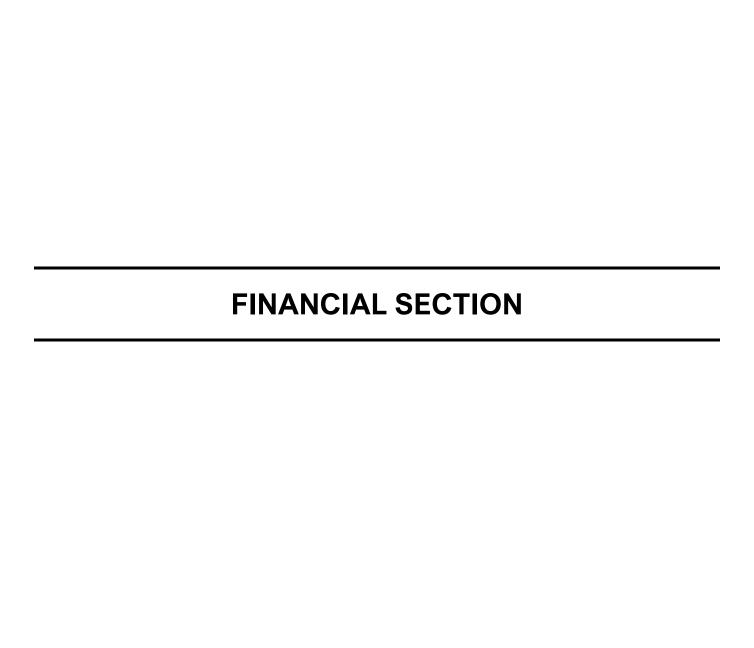
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REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Marcos Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Marcos Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the San Marcos Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the San Marcos Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2024 on our consideration of the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California January 23, 2024

Christy White, Inc.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

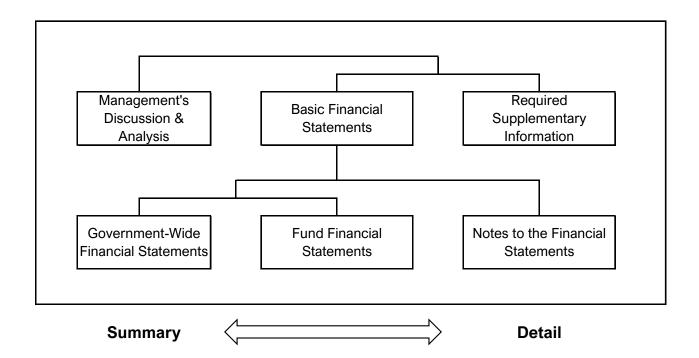
Our discussion and analysis of San Marcos Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's combined net position was \$123,802,322 at June 30, 2023. This was an increase of \$78,885,619 from the prior year.
- Overall combined revenues were \$370,103,590 which exceeded expenses of \$291,217,971.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - Proprietary Funds report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$123,802,322 at June 30, 2023, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(283,647,015) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities							
		2023		2022	١	let Change		2023		2022	Ne	et Change
ASSETS												
Current and other assets	\$	275,993,431	\$	225,342,809	\$	50,650,622	\$	1,196,819	\$	778,197	\$	418,622
Capital assets		644,689,916		624,558,080		20,131,836		-		-		
Total Assets		920,683,347		849,900,889		70,782,458		1,196,819		778,197		418,622
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		101,441,835		86,756,643		14,685,192		593,298		73,842		519,456
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities		43,181,238		42,989,501		191,737		166,562		102,105		64,457
Long-term liabilities	_	821,343,317		731,930,073		89,413,244		1,444,604		347,426		1,097,178
Total Liabilities	_	864,524,555		774,919,574		89,604,981		1,611,166		449,531		1,161,635
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		33,914,380		116,802,867		(82,888,487)		62,876		420,896		(358,020)
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		201,287,552		198,034,059		3,253,493		-		-		-
Restricted		206,161,785		167,028,814		39,132,971		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(283,763,090)		(320,127,782)		36,364,692		116,075		(18,388)		134,463
Total Net Position	\$	123,686,247	\$	44,935,091	\$	78,751,156	\$	116,075	\$	(18,388)	\$	134,463

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and transfers for the year.

	Governmental Activities						Busi	ness	s-Type Activit	ies		
		2023		2022	N	let Change	-	2023		2022	Ne	t Change
REVENUES												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	2,951,645	\$	3,127,516	\$	(175,871)	\$	3,651,596	\$	2,423,431	\$	1,228,165
Operating grants and contributions		87,610,217		59,883,846		27,726,371		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		2,996,535		18,474,034		(15,477,499)		-		-		-
General revenues												
Property taxes		113,968,735		102,694,571		11,274,164		-		-		-
Unrestricted federal and state aid		152,206,121		134,810,729		17,395,392		-		(18,912)		18,912
Other		6,715,808		1,073,590		5,642,218		2,933		-		2,933
Total Revenues		366,449,061		320,064,286		46,384,775		3,654,529		2,404,519		1,250,010
EXPENSES												
Instruction		159,584,507		165,825,158		(6,240,651)		-		-		-
Instruction-related services		21,945,165		20,665,948		1,279,217		-		-		-
Pupil services		31,687,751		23,790,604		7,897,147		-		-		-
General administration		14,375,257		13,539,195		836,062		-		-		-
Plant services		27,054,410		23,382,526		3,671,884		-		-		-
Ancillary and community services		5,963,889		5,286,236		677,653		-		-		-
Debt service		26,165,391		22,339,496		3,825,895		-		-		-
Other outgo		1,066,604		1,027,929		38,675		-		-		-
Enterprise activities		186,026		4,835,037		(4,649,011)		3,188,971		2,002,256		1,186,715
Total Expenses		288,029,000		280,692,129		7,336,871		3,188,971		2,002,256		1,186,715
Transfers		331,095		-		331,095		(331,095)		-		(331,095)
Change in net position		78,751,156		39,372,157		39,378,999		134,463		402,263		(267,800)
Net Position - Beginning		44,935,091		5,562,934		39,372,157		(18,388)		(420,651)		402,263
Net Position - Ending	\$	123,686,247	\$	44,935,091	\$	78,751,156	\$	116,075	\$	(18,388)	\$	134,463

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$288,029,000 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$113,968,735 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions related to Governmental Activities. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2023		2022			
Instruction	\$	94,554,504	\$	113,294,605			
Instruction-related services		18,311,665		18,689,516			
Pupil services		16,816,779		11,429,767			
General administration		12,579,810		11,693,238			
Plant services		25,646,730		21,364,337			
Ancillary and community services		3,805,115		3,385,937			
Debt service		26,165,391		22,339,496			
Transfers to other agencies		(3,296,755)		(2,744,042)			
Enterprise activities		(112,636)		(246,121)			
Total	\$	194,470,603	\$	199,206,733			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$254,508,274 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$204,782,911. The District's General Fund had \$45,986,749 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, in addition to other financing sources of \$1,439,989, for a total increase in fund balance of \$47,426,738. The District's Capital Facilities Fund had \$27,421,372 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, offset by \$30,409,733 in other financing sources, for a net increase in fund balance of \$2,988,361. The District's County School Facilities Fund had \$2,996,535 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, offset by \$20,281,301 in other financing uses, for a net decrease in fund balance of \$17,284,766. The District's Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units had \$3,801,561 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, offset by \$10,128,432 in other financing uses, for a net decrease in fund balance of \$6,326,871.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2022-2023

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2022-2023 the District had invested \$644,689,916 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. There were no capital assets related to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

	Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022	Net Change			
CAPITAL ASSETS			-					
Land	\$	76,109,777	\$	76,022,980	\$	86,797		
Construction in progress		75,036,494		45,892,461		29,144,033		
Land improvements		37,117,371		36,396,128		721,243		
Buildings & improvements		635,695,502		628,821,386		6,874,116		
Furniture & equipment		47,040,176		45,625,585		1,414,591		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(227,565,558)		(209,521,032)		(18,044,526)		
Lease assets - buildings & improvements		3,220,908		(3,220,908)		6,441,816		
Less: Accumulated amortization		(1,964,754)		(1,900,336)		(64,418)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	644,689,916	\$	618,116,264	\$	26,573,652		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$821,343,317 in long-term liabilities related to governmental activities, an increase of 12%. In addition, the District had long-term liabilities in the amount of \$1,444,604 relating to business-type activities, an increase of 316%, primarily related to an increase in net pension liability. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities					Bus	ines	s-Type Activi	ties		
		2023		2022	N	let Change	2023		2022	N	et Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES											
Total general obligation bonds	\$	350,840,620	\$	350,602,139	\$	238,481	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total lease revenue bonds		77,848,045		79,680,104		(1,832,059)	-		-		-
Certificates of participation		1,944,537		2,875,362		(930,825)	-		-		-
Total CFD and RDA bonds		78,454,207		82,329,473		(3,875,266)	-		-		-
Leases payable		1,309,039		1,487,547		(178,508)	-		-		-
Financed purchase		24,240,993		-		24,240,993	-		-		-
Early retirement incentive		1,448,110		2,572,398		(1,124,288)	-		-		-
Compensated absences		1,474,388		1,533,265		(58,877)	106,066		74,055		32,011
Total OPEB liability		91,856,379		92,950,366		(1,093,987)	-		-		-
Net pension liability		206,011,604		132,308,333		73,703,271	1,338,538		273,371		1,065,167
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(14,084,605)		(14,408,914)		324,309	-		-		
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	821,343,317	\$	731,930,073	\$	89,413,244	\$ 1,444,604	\$	347,426	\$	1,097,178

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its June 2023 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was not in a recession yet, but the forecast comes with a caution. Anti-inflation actions by the Federal Reserve could still trigger a near-term recession. The Federal Reserve has said that its actions will be dependent on data. If data shows that the labor market continues to remain robust and if another jobs report shows strong growth in payroll employment and inflation remains sticky, the Federal Reserve will likely err on the side of further tightening of monetary policy and thus, a mild recession later this year is the most likely. The Forecast anticipates that there will be a mild impact on the State of California's economy regardless of the Federal Reserve's policy actions. The California unemployment rate averages for 2023, 2024, and 2025 are expected to be 4.1%, 4.0% and 4.0%, respectively, and non-farm payroll jobs are expected to grow at rates of 2.0%, 1.3%, and 1.6%, during the same three years.

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2023 Budget Revision includes a total Proposition 98 guarantee of \$106.8 billion (\$77.4 billion General Fund and \$29.4 billion local property tax) down from the January 2023 Governor's Budget Proposition 98 guarantee of \$108.8 billion (\$79.6 billion General Fund and \$29.2 billion local property tax). The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2022-23 and 2023-24. At May Revision, the 2023-24 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 8.22 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF. Additionally, the May revise saw a reduction of \$1.8 billion to the Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary Block Grant and a \$2.5 billion reduction of the Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 26.68 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2023-24 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, please contact the Business Office at (760) 752-1212.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS					_
Cash and investments	\$	253,839,268	\$	1,456,894 \$	255,296,162
Accounts receivable		21,175,465		224,848	21,400,313
Internal balances		484,923		(484,923)	-
Inventory		481,775		-	481,775
Prepaid expenses		12,000		-	12,000
Capital assets:					
Capital assets, not depreciated		151,146,271		_	151,146,271
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		492,287,491		-	492,287,491
Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization		1,256,154		-	1,256,154
Total Assets		920,683,347		1,196,819	921,880,166
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		73,571,696		593,298	74,164,994
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		5,544,743		-	5,544,743
Deferred amount on refunding		22,325,396		-	22,325,396
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		101,441,835		593,298	102,035,133
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		24,401,485		166,562	24,568,047
Unearned revenue		4,695,148		, -	4,695,148
Long-term liabilities, current portion		14,084,605		_	14,084,605
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		821,343,317		1,444,604	822,787,921
Total Liabilities		864,524,555		1,611,166	866,135,721
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		23,265,162		62,876	23,328,038
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		10,649,218		· -	10,649,218
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		33,914,380		62,876	33,977,256
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		201,287,552		-	201,287,552
Capital projects		127,746,518		_	127,746,518
Debt service		6,667,583		_	6,667,583
Permanent fund balance		40,246		-	40,246
Educational programs		54,359,106		-	54,359,106
Food service		15,673,663		-	15,673,663
Associated student body		1,674,669		-	1,674,669
Unrestricted		(283,763,090)		116,075	(283,647,015)
Total Net Position	\$	123,686,247	\$	116,075 \$	

Function/Programs

Instructional supervision and administration

Instructional library, media, and technology

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Instruction-related services

School site administration

All other pupil services

General administration Centralized data processing

Home-to-school transportation

All other general administration

Total Governmental Activities

Total Business-Type Activities

Instruction

Pupil services

Plant services

Other outgo

Ancillary services

Community services

Enterprise activities

Interest on long-term debt

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Enterprise activities

Total School District

Food services

	Revenues and Changes in
Program Revenues	Net Position
Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Expenses Services Contributions Contributions	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total
\$ 159,584,507 \$ 48,062 \$ 61,985,406 \$ 2,996,535	\$ (94,554,504)
6,089,991 367,115 2,933,225 - 1,847,719 19,437 60,732 - 14,007,455 421 252,570 -	(2,789,651) (1,767,550) (13,754,464)
8,109,230 - 98,293 - 8,797,679 320,579 12,127,129 - 14,780,842 34,420 2,290,551 -	(8,010,937) 3,650,029 (12,455,871)
2,768,817 - (34,438) - 11,606,440 27,424 1,802,461 - 27,054,410 4,655 1,403,025 -	(2,803,255) (9,776,555) (25,646,730)
4,140,304 - 1,635,038 - 1,823,585 288,821 234,915 - 186,026 320 298,342 -	(2,505,266) (1,299,849) 112,636
26,165,391	(26,165,391) 3,296,755
<u>\$ 288,029,000</u> <u>\$ 2,951,645</u> \$ 87,610,217 \$ 2,996,535	(194,470,603)
3 3,188,971 \$ 3,651,596 - \$ - 3,188,971 3,651,596	\$ 462,625 462,625
\$ 291,217,971 \$ 6,603,241 \$ 87,610,217 \$ 2,996,535	\$ (194,007,978)
eneral revenues Taxes and subventions	<u> </u>
Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service	76,969,580 - 76,969,580 15,251,025 - 15,251,025
Property taxes, levied for other specific purposes Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes	21,748,130 - 21,748,130 152,206,121 - 152,206,121

704,437

6,011,371 272,890,664

78,420,061

78,751,156

44.935.091

\$ 123,686,247

331,095

331,095

Net (Expenses)

2,933

2,933

465,558

(331,095)

(331,095)

134,463

(18,388)

116,075

707,370

6,011,371

78,885,619

78,885,619

44,916,703

123,802,322

272,893,597

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net position before transfers & special items

Interest and investment earnings

Subtotal, General Revenue

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Total Transfers & Special Items

\$ 291,217,971

General revenues Taxes and subventions

Miscellaneous

Internal transfers

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Ge	eneral Fund	Capital Facilities County Scho Fund Fund Facilities Fur			-	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units			Non-Major Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	100,135,802	\$	43,833,294	\$	37,011,871	\$	20,944,852	\$	51,126,935	\$	253,052,754
Accounts receivable		18,082,138		255,426		211,940		55,844		2,569,802		21,175,150
Due from other funds		1,663,811		34,373,473		-		4,724		3,390		36,045,398
Stores inventory		171,350		-		-		-		310,425		481,775
Prepaid expenditures		12,000		-		-		-		-		12,000
Total Assets	\$	120,065,101	\$	78,462,193	\$	37,223,811	\$	21,005,420	\$	54,010,552	\$	310,767,077
LIABILITIES												
Accrued liabilities	\$	13,108,113	\$	1,833,399	\$	637,223	\$	6,466	\$	142,366	\$	15,727,567
Due to other funds		8,667,145		1,324		20,281,301		5,702,069		1,184,249		35,836,088
Unearned revenue		4,609,445		-		-		-		85,703		4,695,148
Total Liabilities		26,384,703		1,834,723		20,918,524		5,708,535		1,412,318		56,258,803
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		523,350		-		-		-		320,425		843,775
Restricted		54,285,602		76,627,470		16,305,287		15,296,885		52,277,809		214,793,053
Committed		11,631,745		-		-		-		-		11,631,745
Unassigned		27,239,701		-		-		-		-		27,239,701
Total Fund Balances		93,680,398		76,627,470		16,305,287		15,296,885		52,598,234		254,508,274
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	120,065,101	\$	78,462,193	\$	37,223,811	\$	21,005,420	\$	54,010,552	\$	310,767,077

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 254,508,274

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets, lease assets, accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization:

Capital assets	\$ 870,992,260	
Lease assets	3,220,908	
Accumulated depreciation	(227,565,558)	
Accumulated amortization (lease assets)	(1,964,754)	644,682,856

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

22,325,396

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(8,631,268)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 350,840,620	
Total lease revenue bonds	77,848,045	
Certificates of participation	1,944,537	
Total CFD and RDA bonds	78,454,207	
Leases payable	1,309,039	
Financed purchase	24,240,993	
Early retirement incentive	1,448,110	
Compensated absences	1,474,388	
Total OPEB liability	91,856,379	
Net pension liability	206,011,604	(835,427,922)

(continued on the following page)

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2023

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 73,571,696

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$ (23,265,162) 50,306,534

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 5,544,743

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (10,649,218) (5,104,475)

Internal service funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

1,026,852

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

123,686,247

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 221,093,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 221,093,431
Federal sources	15,577,398	-	-	-	6,271,637	21,849,035
Other state sources	63,919,348	-	1,687,018	-	6,575,248	72,181,614
Other local sources	22,546,134	16,257,109	1,309,517	8,077,922	18,624,258	66,814,940
Total Revenues	323,136,311	16,257,109	2,996,535	8,077,922	31,471,143	381,939,020
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction	179,004,962	-	-	-	35,260	179,040,222
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration	7,059,206	-	-	-	-	7,059,206
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,819,855	-	-	-	-	1,819,855
School site administration	16,593,464	-	-	-	44,895	16,638,359
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation	7,853,678	-	-	-	-	7,853,678
Food services	116,946	-	-	-	8,572,814	8,689,760
All other pupil services	18,124,766	-	-	-	-	18,124,766
General administration						
Centralized data processing	2,883,354	-	-	-	-	2,883,354
All other general administration	10,239,395	761,129	-	-	231,740	11,232,264
Plant services	26,266,293	1,436,444	-	452,067	96,504	28,251,308
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	32,252,443	-	64,800	4,529,296	36,846,539
Ancillary services	3,081,870	-	-	-	1,426,819	4,508,689
Community services	1,898,544	-	-	-	27,901	1,926,445
Enterprise activities	8,623	-	-	-	177,506	186,129
Transfers to other agencies	1,066,604	-	-	-	-	1,066,604
Debt service						
Principal	1,120,644	4,102,977	-	2,120,000	5,201,945	12,545,566
Interest and other	11,358	5,125,488	-	1,639,494	10,848,805	17,625,145
Total Expenditures	277,149,562	43,678,481	-	4,276,361	31,193,485	356,297,889
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	45,986,749	(27,421,372)	2,996,535	3,801,561	277,658	25,641,131
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,439,989	30,409,733	-	-	-	31,849,722
Other sources	-	-	-	-	23,753,137	23,753,137
Transfers out		-	(20,281,301)	(10,128,432)	(1,108,894)	(31,518,627)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	1,439,989	30,409,733	(20,281,301)	(10,128,432)	22,644,243	24,084,232
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	47,426,738	2,988,361	(17,284,766)	(6,326,871)		49,725,363
Fund Balance - Beginning	46,253,660	73,639,109	33,590,053	21,623,756	29,676,333	204,782,911
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 93,680,398	\$ 76,627,470	\$ 16,305,287	\$ 15,296,885	\$ 52,598,234	\$ 254,508,274

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 49,725,363

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets and lease assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets and lease assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and amortization expense, respectively. The difference between

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 38,496,773

Depreciation expense: (18,183,640)

Amortization expense: (64,418) 20,248,715

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

13,564,333

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(23,753,137)

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(2,606,926)

Gain or loss from the disposal of capital assets:

In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

(114,055)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(602,363)

(continued on the following page)

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Accreted	interest on	long torm	daht.
Accreted	mieresi on	iona-term	uebi.

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(9,262,489)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

58,877

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

2,067,973

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

25,503,348

Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources:

In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

1,124,288

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

1,788,477

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

1,008,752

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 78,751,156

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS	Litte	iprise i unu	-	i unu	
Current assets					
Cash and investments	\$	1,456,894	\$	786,514	
Accounts receivable		224,848		315	
Due from other funds		-		275,613	
Total current assets		1,681,742		1,062,442	
Non-current assets		_		_	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		7,060	
Total non-current assets				7,060	
Total Assets		1,681,742		1,069,502	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		593,298		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		593,298		-	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accrued liabilities		166,562		42,650	
Due to other funds		484,923		· -	
Total current liabilities		651,485		42,650	
Non-current liabilities					
Compensated absences		106,066		-	
Net pension liability		1,338,538		-	
Total non-current liabilities		1,444,604		-	
Total Liabilities		2,096,089		42,650	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		62,876		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		62,876			
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		116,075		1,026,852	
Total Net Position	\$	116,075	\$	1,026,852	

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities		
	С	hild Care	Internal Service Fund		
	Ente	rprise Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	3,651,596	\$	3,415,059	
Total operating revenues		3,651,596		3,415,059	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits		2,794,354		-	
Supplies and materials		143,585		-	
Professional services		251,032		2,395,250	
Depreciation		-		2,824	
Total operating expenses		3,188,971		2,398,074	
Operating income/(loss)		462,625		1,016,985	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)					
Interest income		2,933		(8,233)	
Transfers out		(331,095)		-	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		(328,162)		(8,233)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		134,463		1,008,752	
Net Position - Beginning		(18,388)		18,100	
Net Position - Ending	\$	116,075	\$	1,026,852	

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Child Care		Governmental Activities Internal Service	
	Ente	rprise Fund		Fund
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	-	\$	3,415,059
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to				
(from) other funds		3,444,491		(275,713)
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(2,570,039)		(2,352,600)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		874,452		786,746
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Interfund transfers in (out)		(331,095)		
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		(331,095)		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received	-	2,933		(8,233)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	-	2,933		(8,233)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		546,290		778,513
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		910,604		8,001
End of year	\$	1,456,894	\$	786,514
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income/(loss)	\$	462,625	\$	1,016,985
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		-		2,824
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		(213,822)		(297)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		6,717		(275,416)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions		(519,456)		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		64,457		42,650
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		334,773		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		32,011		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		1,065,167		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions		(358,020)		<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	874,452	\$	786,746

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The San Marcos Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASBS No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASBS No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, GASBS No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, GASBS No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, and GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plans. The Financial Reporting Entity, and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has two blended component units, the San Marcos Community Facilities Districts and the San Marcos School Financing Authority.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Government-Wide Statements. (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Foundation Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 under which both earnings and principal may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Permanent Funds: Permanent funds were introduced as part of the governmental financial reporting model established by GASB Statement 34 to account for permanent foundations that benefit a District.

Foundation Permanent Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Child Care Enterprise Fund: This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the District's after school childcare program.

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Included in capital assets are right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Depreciation/ amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Building Improvements	20-25 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Office Equipment	5-15 years
Computer Equipment	5-15 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 - June 30, 2023

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	G	overnmental	Int	ernal Service	G	overnmental	Bus	siness-Type
		Funds		Fund		Activities		Activities
Investment in county treasury	\$	219,694,484	\$	808,568	\$	220,503,052	\$	1,497,745
Fair value adjustment		(5,992,212)		(22,054)		(6,014,266)		(40,851)
Cash on hand and in banks		1,674,669		-		1,674,669		-
Cash with fiscal agent		37,325,813		-		37,325,813		-
Cash in revolving fund		350,000		-		350,000		
Total	\$	253,052,754	\$	786,514	\$	253,839,268	\$	1,456,894
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B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Policies and Practices (continued)

Cash with Fiscal Agent – The District maintains cash balances with U.S. Bank related to its Community Facilities District Bonds and Lease Revenue Bonds. Additionally, the District maintains cash balances with Wilmington Trust related to its Energy Conservation Project.

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

Authorized by cotton out Torre	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$215,945,680. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 438 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, \$1,399,825 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

G. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

H. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

H. Fair Value (continued)

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	 incategorized
Investment in county treasury	\$ 215,945,680
Total	\$ 215,945,680

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	nty School lities Fund	Fun	pital Projects od for Blended nponent Units	Non-Major Sovernmental Funds	In	ternal Service Fund	c	Sovernmental Activities	В	Business-Type Activities
Federal Government														
Categorical aid	\$	3,631,206	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,448,530	\$	-	\$	5,079,736	\$	-
State Government														
Categorical aid		10,070,943		-	-		-	1,027,131		-		11,098,074		-
Lottery		1,183,869		-	-		-	-		-		1,183,869		-
Local Government														
Other local sources		3,196,120		255,426	211,940		55,844	94,141		315		3,813,786		224,848
Total	\$	18,082,138	\$	255,426	\$ 211,940	\$	55,844	\$ 2,569,802	\$	315	\$	21,175,465	\$	224,848

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2022	Additions	Deletions		Balance une 30, 2023
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	76,022,980	\$ 86,797	\$ -	\$	76,109,777
Construction in progress		45,892,461	30,722,621	1,578,588		75,036,494
Total capital assets not being depreciated		121,915,441	30,809,418	1,578,588		151,146,271
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		36,396,128	721,243	-		37,117,371
Buildings & improvements		628,821,386	6,874,116	-		635,695,502
Furniture & equipment		45,625,585	1,670,584	255,993		47,040,176
Total capital assets being depreciated		710,843,099	9,265,943	255,993		719,853,049
Less: Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements		23,535,654	1,578,675	-		25,114,329
Buildings & improvements		143,744,835	15,629,585	-		159,374,420
Furniture & equipment		42,240,543	978,204	141,938		43,076,809
Total accumulated depreciation		209,521,032	18,186,464	141,938		227,565,558
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		501,322,067	(8,920,521)	114,055		492,287,491
Lease assets being amortized						
Buildings & improvements		3,220,908	-	-		3,220,908
Total lease assets being amortized		3,220,908	-	-		3,220,908
Less: Accumulated amortization for lease assets						
Buildings & improvements		1,900,336	64,418	-		1,964,754
Total accumulated amortization for lease assets		1,900,336	64,418	-		1,964,754
Total lease assets being amortized, net		1,320,572	(64,418)	-		1,256,154
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, net	\$	624,558,080	\$ 21,824,479	\$ 1,692,643	\$	644,689,916

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 17,244,408
Instructional supervision and administration	950
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,321
School site administration	62,729
Home-to-school transportation	181,872
Food services	69,908
All other pupil services	2,361
Centralized data processing	30,871
All other general administration	330,387
Plant services	310,492
Ancillary services	7,581
Community services	4,178
Enterprise activities	2,824
Total	\$ 18,250,882

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds													
						pital Projects		Non-Major						
Door To Others From de	0-		Cap			d for Blended	Go	vernmental	Int	ernal Service		T-4-1		
Due To Other Funds General Fund	\$	General Fund		Fund		nponent Units 4.724	Φ.	Funds 3.390	Φ.	Fund 268.928	Φ.	Total		
	Ф	407	\$	8,390,103	Ф	4,724	Ф	3,390	Ф	,	Ф	8,667,145		
Capital Facilities Fund County School Facilities Fund		487		20,281,301		-		-		837		1,324 20,281,301		
Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units		-		5,702,069		-		-		-		5,702,069		
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,180,594		5,702,009		-		-		3.655		1,184,249		
Child Care Enterprise Fund		482,730		-		-		-		2,193		484,923		
Total	Φ.	1.663.811	\$	34,373,473	\$	4.724	Φ.	3.390	Φ.	275,613	\$	36,321,011		
Total	Ф	1,003,011	Ф	34,373,473	Ф	4,724	Ф	3,390	Ф	2/0,013	Ф	30,321,011		
Due from the General Fund to the Adult Education Fur	nd for n	rogram coete									\$	12.194		
Due from the General Fund to the Adult Education of the Due from the General Fund to the Capital Facilities Fu		•	oete								Ψ	487		
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for o				te								82,919		
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for i			1 003	13.								228.420		
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for 0												78,336		
Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterpris			'amnı	us program cos	te							482.730		
Due from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fu												778.725		
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for 0			,	,	,0313.							2,519		
Due from the Foundation Special Revenue Fund to the				0								871		
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Capital Pro			•		r Dou	ıble Deak Elem	antarı	, kinder buildin	~			96,660		
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Capital Pro	,			•			oritar y	/ Killaci ballali	9.			5,605,409		
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the County Sch	,			•	n proj	jeet costs.						20.281.301		
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fu				,								8,390,103		
Due from the Capital Project Fund for Blended Compo					nw na	ade						4,724		
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the Adult Educati						cus.						111		
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the Cafeteria Fur												3,544		
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the Capital Facili		•										837		
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the Capital Facility												268,928		
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the General Fund					cnete							2,193		
Total	inci pi ist	c i una ioi woi	KCI 5	compensation	cosis.						\$	36,321,011		
i otui											<u> </u>	00,021,011		

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

				Interfund 1	ransfers In		
	'						
				pital Facilities	Governmenta	I	
Interfund Transfers Out	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	Funds		Total
County School Facilities Fund	\$	-	\$	20,281,301	\$	- \$	20,281,301
Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units		-		10,128,432		-	10,128,432
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,108,894		-		-	1,108,894
Child Care Enterprise Fund		331,095		-		-	331,095
Total	\$	1,439,989	\$	30,409,733	\$	- \$	31,849,722
Transfer from the Foundation Special Revenue Fund to the General Fu	und for d	onations recei	ved.			\$	25,359
Transfer from the County School Faciliites Fund to the Capital Facilities	es Fund f	or Richland Pr	oject	t expenditures.			20,281,301
Transfer from the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for	r capital	outlay costs.					1,083,535
Transfer from the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	to the C	apital Facilitie	s Fur	nd for project co	nstruction costs.		10,128,432
Transfer from the Child Care Enterprise Fund to the General Fund for	program	expenses.					331,095
Total						\$	31,849,722

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

							C	Capital Projects		Non-Major								
			Ca	pital Facilities	С	ounty School	F	und for Blended	G	overnmental	Ir	nternal Service			G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type
	G	eneral Fund		Fund	Fa	acilities Fund	C	omponent Units		Funds		Fund	- 1	District-Wide		Activities		Activities
Payroll	\$	2,265,588	\$	1,584	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,562	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,327,734	\$	45,200
Vendors payable		7,314,690		1,831,815		-		6,466		81,804		42,650		-		9,277,425		121,362
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		8,631,268		8,631,268		-
Due to grantor government		3,527,835		-		637,223		-		-		-		-		4,165,058		<u> </u>
Total	\$	13,108,113	\$	1,833,399	\$	637,223	\$	6,466	\$	142,366	\$	42,650	\$	8,631,268	\$	24,401,485	\$	166,562

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		
			G	Sovernmental	G	Sovernmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds		Activities
Federal sources	\$	999,911	\$	-	\$	999,911
State categorical sources		2,576,750		-		2,576,750
Local sources		1,032,784		85,703		1,118,487
Total	\$	4,609,445	\$	85,703	\$	4,695,148

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

		Balance			Balance	Balance Due
	J	luly 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023	In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	273,680,421	\$ -	\$ 5,201,945	\$ 268,478,476	\$ 4,917,957
Unamortized premium		14,277,945	-	825,482	13,452,463	913,262
Accreted interest		62,643,773	8,408,963	2,143,055	68,909,681	-
Total general obligation bonds		350,602,139	8,408,963	8,170,482	350,840,620	5,831,219
Lease revenue bonds		67,588,327	-	1,715,000	65,873,327	1,945,000
Unamortized premium		10,034,899	-	528,153	9,506,746	528,153
Unamortized discount		(817,631)	-	(45,424)	(772,207)	(45,424)
Accreted interest		2,874,509	365,670	-	3,240,179	-
Total lease revenue bonds		79,680,104	365,670	2,197,729	77,848,045	2,427,729
CFD and RDA bonds		74,990,000	-	3,395,000	71,595,000	3,520,000
Unamortized premium		7,339,473	-	480,266	6,859,207	480,265
Total CFD and RDA bonds		82,329,473	-	3,875,266	78,454,207	4,000,265
Certificates of participation		2,875,362	=	930,825	1,944,537	956,632
Leases payable		1,487,547	-	178,508	1,309,039	122,745
Financed purchase		-	24,240,993	-	24,240,993	-
Early retirement incentive		2,572,398	-	1,124,288	1,448,110	746,015
Compensated absences		1,533,265	-	58,877	1,474,388	-
Total OPEB liability		92,950,366	-	1,093,987	91,856,379	-
Net pension liability		132,308,333	73,703,271	-	206,011,604	-
Total	\$	746,338,987	\$ 106,718,897	\$ 17,629,962	\$ 835,427,922	\$ 14,084,605

		Balance			Balance
	Ju	ly 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated absences	\$	74,055	\$ 32,011	\$ -	\$ 106,066
Net pension liability		273,371	1,065,167	-	1,338,538
Total	\$	347,426	\$ 1,097,178	\$ -	\$ 1,444,604

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on lease revenue bonds and RDA bonds are made in the Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments on CFD bonds are made in the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units.
- Payments for leases payable are made in the General Fund and Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments on certificates of participation are made in the Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

106,066 \$ 1,338,538 1,444,604 \$

Balance Due

In One Year

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences for governmental activities, as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$1,474,388. In addition, compensated absences related to business-type activities amounted to \$106,066 at June 30, 2023. These amounts are included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Early Retirement Incentive

Debt service requirements on early retirement incentives at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Payment
2024	\$ 746,015
2025	 702,095
Total	\$ 1,448,110

C. Leases Payable

The District entered into a agreement to lease certain real property. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB No. 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of commencement.

The District has entered into a lease agreement for a Public Works Yard and requires various monthly payments. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 5.9%, which is the implicit rate in the lease agreement. As a result, the District has recorded a right to use lease asset with a net book value of \$1,309,039 on June 30, 2023.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lea	se Payment
2024	\$	197,811
2025		197,811
2026		197,811
2027		197,811
2028		197,811
2029 - 2032		692,340
Total minimum lease payments		1,681,395
Less amount representing interest		(372,356)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,309,039

D. Certificates of Participation

In March 2015, the District issued \$5,000,000 in Certificates of Participation to finance and provide for the construction, installation, and completion of certain public improvements. Lease payments are required to be made by the District under the agreement each March through 2025 with an interest rate of 2.95 percent. The agreement is between the District and the Public Property Financing Corporation with Deutsche Bank National as trustee. At June 30, 2023, the principal outstanding was \$825,000.

In October 2015, the District issued \$3,320,000 in Certificates of Participation for the sole purchase of refunding the 2004 lease revenue bonds. Lease payments are required to be made by the District under the agreement each October through 2024 with an interest rate of 2.85 percent. The agreement is between the District and the Public Property Financing Corporation with MUFG Union Bank as trustee. At June 30, 2023, the principal outstanding was \$1,119,537.

D. <u>Certificates of Participation (continued)</u>

The annual requirements to amortize all certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 956,632	\$ 50,767	\$ 1,007,399
2025	987,905	22,737	1,010,642
Total	\$ 1,944,537	\$ 73,504	\$ 2,018,041

E. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

						Bonds					Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	C	Outstanding				(Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	J	uly 01, 2022	Additions		Deductions	J	lune 30, 2023
Election 2010, Series A	6/22/2011	8/1/2038	1.38% - 6.35%	\$ 142,046,476	\$	17,718,220	\$	-	\$ 2,073,935	\$	15,644,285
Election 2010, Series B	4/25/2012	8/1/2051	5.66% - 12.00%	64,995,522		64,077,540		-	405,397		63,672,143
Election 2010, Series C	4/30/2014	8/1/2040	1.83% - 5.31%	74,702,799		1,509,661		-	702,613		807,048
2017 Refunding Bonds	10/31/2017	8/1/2038	2.00% - 5.00%	109,915,000		106,620,000		-	535,000		106,085,000
2020 Refunding Bonds	1/14/2020	8/1/2040	1.62% - 3.38%	86,765,000		83,755,000		-	1,485,000		82,270,000
Total					\$	273,680,421	\$	-	\$ 5,201,945	\$	268,478,476

Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
,	2024	\$ 4,917,957	\$ 10,002,242	\$ 14,920,199
	2025	5,402,972	10,175,087	15,578,059
	2026	5,522,935	10,713,395	16,236,330
	2027	5,646,760	11,283,866	16,930,626
	2028	5,064,010	12,531,827	17,595,837
	2029 - 2033	44,292,265	54,374,147	98,666,412
	2034 - 2038	83,809,725	35,458,320	119,268,045
	2039 - 2043	69,900,189	24,477,100	94,377,289
	2044 - 2048	22,445,727	126,218,794	148,664,521
	2049 - 2052	 21,475,936	164,515,177	185,991,113
	Total	\$ 268,478,476	\$ 459,749,955	\$ 728,228,431

F. <u>Lease Revenue Bonds</u>

Lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

						Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	C	Outstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	C	Outstanding	Additions		Deductions	Outstanding
Lease Revenue Series 2010	6/3/2010	8/15/2040	2.50% - 6.81%	\$ 51,448,327	\$	2,483,327	\$	- \$	-	\$ 2,483,327
Lease Revenue Series 2017	7/11/2017	8/15/2040	2.00% - 5.25%	69,265,000		65,105,000		-	1,715,000	63,390,000
Total					\$	67,588,327	\$	- \$	1,715,000	\$ 65,873,327

Debt service requirements on the lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,945,000	\$ 3,212,500	\$ 5,157,500
2025	2,175,000	3,115,250	5,290,250
2026	2,415,000	3,006,500	5,421,500
2027	2,685,000	2,885,750	5,570,750
2028	2,965,000	2,751,500	5,716,500
2029 - 2033	14,664,756	19,811,619	34,476,375
2034 - 2038	21,823,571	14,630,054	36,453,625
2039 - 2041	17,200,000	1,822,275	19,022,275
Total	\$ 65,873,327	\$ 51,235,448	\$ 117,108,775

G. CFD and RDA Bonds

CFD and RDA bonds at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding Outstanding	Additions		Deductions	Bonds Outstanding Outstanding
CFD 2001 Bonds	3/21/2001	9/1/2024	3.25% - 5.00%	\$ 10,380,000	\$ 350,000	\$	-	\$ 170,000	\$
CFD #5 2014 Refunding	8/7/2014	9/1/2032	2.50% - 5.00%	17,600,000	11,720,000		-	995,000	10,725,000
CFD #4 2014 Refunding	8/7/2014	9/1/2030	2.50% - 5.00%	10,455,000	7,360,000		-	510,000	6,850,000
CFD #4 2016 Refunding	10/5/2016	9/1/2036	2.00% - 4.00%	7,625,000	6,095,000		-	320,000	5,775,000
CFD #7 Series 2019	2/7/2019	9/1/2048	2.00% - 5.00%	7,040,000	6,795,000		-	55,000	6,740,000
RDA 2018 Refunding Bonds	10/18/2018	10/1/2039	3.75% - 5.00%	39,815,000	36,265,000		-	1,275,000	34,990,000
CFD #11 Series 2019	11/21/2019	9/1/2049	2.50% - 3.125%	3,415,000	3,320,000		-	40,000	3,280,000
CFD #8 Series 2021	10/21/2021	9/1/2051	0.04%	3,085,000	3,085,000		-	30,000	3,055,000
Total					\$ 74,990,000	\$	-	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 71,595,000

G. CFD and RDA Bonds (continued)

Debt service requirements on the CFD and RDA bonds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Total	
2024	\$ 3,520,000	\$	3,268,907	\$ 6,788,907
2025	3,610,000		3,097,957	6,707,957
2026	3,755,000		2,922,857	6,677,857
2027	3,935,000		2,740,857	6,675,857
2028	4,145,000		2,549,207	6,694,207
2029 - 2033	21,435,000		9,675,763	31,110,763
2034 - 2038	16,590,000		5,146,457	21,736,457
2039 - 2043	8,690,000		1,864,771	10,554,771
2044 - 2048	4,040,000		889,850	4,929,850
2049 - 2052	1,875,000		136,650	2,011,650
Total	\$ 71,595,000	\$	32,293,276	\$ 103,888,276

H. Financed Purchase

In December 2022, the District entered into an agreement with Engie Services Inc. to finance and provide for the construction, installation, and completion of an energy conservation project. Monthly payments are required to be made by the District under the agreement beginning September 2024 through December 2042 with an interest rate of 4.073 percent. At June 30, 2023, the principal outstanding was \$24,240,993.

Year Ended June 30,	Payment
2024	\$ -
2025	1,295,801
2026	1,310,046
2027	1,329,090
2028	1,414,035
2029 - 2033	8,427,061
2034 - 2038	11,326,112
2039 - 2043	13,282,274
Total minimum payments	38,384,419
Less amount representing interest	(14,143,426)
Present value of minimum payments	\$ 24,240,993

I. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$92,950,366 and decreased by \$1,093,987 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 was \$91,856,379. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

J. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability in the governmental activities was \$132,308,333 and increased by \$73,703,271 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending net pension liability in governmental activities at June 30, 2023 was \$206,011,604. The District's beginning net pension liability related to business-type activities was \$273,371 and increased by \$1,065,167 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending net pension liability in the business-type activities at June 30, 2023 was \$1,338,538. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2023:

			Сар	oital Facilities	С	County School		Capital Projects Fund for Blended		Non-Major Governmental		Total overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	Fa	Facilities Fund		mponent Units		Funds		Funds
Non-spendable												
Revolving cash	\$	340,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	350,000
Stores inventory		171,350		-		-		-		310,425		481,775
Prepaid expenditures		12,000		-		-		-		-		12,000
Total non-spendable		523,350		-		-		-		320,425		843,775
Restricted												
Permanent fund balance		-		-		-		-		40,246		40,246
Educational programs		54,285,602		-		-		-		73,504		54,359,106
Food service		-		-		-		-		15,673,663		15,673,663
Associated student body		-		-		-		-		1,674,669		1,674,669
Capital projects		-		76,627,470		16,305,287		15,296,885		19,516,876		127,746,518
Debt service		-		-		-		-		15,298,851		15,298,851
Total restricted		54,285,602		76,627,470		16,305,287		15,296,885		52,277,809		214,793,053
Committed												
Other commitments		11,631,745		=		-		-		-		11,631,745
Total committed		11,631,745		=		-		=		-		11,631,745
Unassigned		27,239,701		-		-		-		-		27,239,701
Total Fund Balance	\$	93,680,398	\$	76,627,470	\$	16,305,287	\$	15,296,885	\$	52,598,234	\$	254,508,274

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The San Marcos Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, San Marcos Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

Active employees are offered a choice of HMO and PPO medical plans (several United Healthcare HMOs with varying network access, United Healthcare PPOs and a Kaiser HMO), two dental plans (Delta Premier and Delta DPO), and one vision plan (VSP). Eligible retirees under age 65 are eligible for the same medical plans as active employees. Eligible retirees upon reaching age 65 are eligible for the Kaiser Senior Advantage Plan or Hartford Medicare Supplement Plan including a Prescription Drug Plan and Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements. Future retirees and retirees who turn age 65 on or after July 1, 2010 electing a Medicare Supplement Plan will be covered under the Hartford GRIP Supplement Plan and a Prescription Drug Plan.

Classified Employees

Classified employees hired prior to July 1, 2007, who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service and who are covered under District health benefits at retirement are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits. Retiree medical benefits cease at age 65 except for employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 with at least 10 years of benefit eligible service at retirement. These employees are eligible to receive post-65 medical coverage including Medicare Part B and Part A premium reimbursements for the retiree only.

Spouses of retirees also receive District-paid medical up to the spouse's attainment of age 65, if the retiree is also receiving medical benefits. Effective June 30, 2012, for eligible employees retiring on or after July 1, 2007, spouse coverage will cease when the retiree attains age 65. Dental and vision coverage is available to the retiree and eligible dependents through COBRA continuation coverage only.

For eligible employees who retired or retire on or after July 1, 2007, the District pays 100% of the cost for medical coverage up to an annual maximum which shall not exceed the 2020 annual Kaiser premiums for each tier (\$601 monthly for single coverage, \$1,186 monthly for two-party coverage and \$1,672 monthly for family coverage). The applicable maximum is based on the applicable maximum for similarly situated active employees excluding dental and vision. Retirees with lifetime benefits are not subject to a maximum for post-65 coverage and receive Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements.

For eligible employees who retired prior to July 1, 2007, the District's contribution for pre-65 coverage is limited to the "standard" UHC HMO two-party rate (currently the UHC HMO Network 1-D rate).

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 receive no retiree health benefits.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

B. Benefits Provided (continued)

Certificated (including Confidential & Management)

Certificated employees hired prior to July 1, 1996 who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service and who are covered under District health benefits at retirement are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits for life. Certificated employees hired on or after July 1, 1996 who retire at age 55 or older with at least 10 consecutive years of District benefit eligible service are eligible to receive District-paid retiree medical benefits to the retiree's attainment of age 65.

Spouses of retirees also receive District-paid medical up to the spouse's attainment of age 65. Spousal coverage will terminate when the spouse reaches 65 years of age, regardless of the retiree's age. Dental and vision coverage is available to the retiree and eligible dependents through COBRA continuation coverage only.

For eligible employees who retired or retire on or after July 1, 2007, the District pays 100% of the cost for medical coverage up to an annual maximum which shall not exceed the 2018 annual Kaiser premiums for each tier (\$553 monthly for single coverage, \$1,090 monthly for two-party coverage and \$1,537 monthly for family coverage). The applicable maximum is based on the applicable maximum for similarly situated active employees excluding dental and vision. Retirees with lifetime benefits are not subject to a maximum for post-65 coverage and receive Medicare Part A and Part B premium reimbursements.

For eligible employees who retired prior to July 1, 2007, the District's contribution for pre-65 coverage is limited to the "standard" UHC HMO two-party rate (currently the UHC HMO Network 1-D rate).

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 receive no retiree health benefits.

Board Members

Board Members do not receive District-paid health benefits at retirement.

C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$4,394,511 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	487
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	513
Total number of participants**	1,000

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

E. Total OPEB Liability

The San Marcos Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$91,856,379 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%
Payroll growth rate 2.75%
Discount rate 3.65%
Healthcare cost trend rate 4.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS Mortality

Classified 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees

Retirement rates:

Certificated Management Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates

Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@62 Rates

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates

Classified 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools Employees

Management Hired 2012 and earlier: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools

Employees

Hired 2013 and later: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for Schools

Employees

The rate used for a funded plan is the real rate of return expected for plan assets plus the long term inflation assumption. For an unfunded plan, the discount rate is based on an index of 20 year General Obligation municipal bonds rated AA or higher. For partially funded plans, the discount rate is a blend of the funded and unfunded rates. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed sixteen years.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ıne 30, 2023
Total OPEB Liability		_
Service cost	\$	1,146,297
Interest on total OPEB liability		3,232,950
Changes of assumptions		(1,078,723)
Benefits payments		(4,394,511)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,093,987)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		92,950,366
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	91,856,379
	•	44.404.504
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,494,524
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		206.44%

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the San Marcos Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			,	Valuation		
1% Decrease (2.65%)		% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(2.65%)		(3.65%)		(4.65%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	101,882,478	\$	91,856,379	\$	83,451,685

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the San Marcos Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost							
	19	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase			
		(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	81.750.154	\$	91.856.379	\$	103.683.556			

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the San Marcos Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,326,538. At June 30, 2023, the San Marcos Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 2,480,023	\$	2,352,695	
Changes in assumptions	 3,064,720		8,296,523	
Total	\$ 5,544,743	\$	10,649,218	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources
2024	\$	1,758,190	\$	3,810,899		
2025		1,758,190		3,810,899		
2026		1,262,183		2,319,392		
2027		766,180		708,028		
Total	\$	5,544,743	\$	10,649,218		

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	let pension liability	 Deferred flows related o pensions	erred inflows related to pensions	Pens	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	130,531,858	\$ 47,988,955	\$ 21,416,701	\$	(4,845,334)
PERS Pension		76,818,284	 26,176,039	1,911,337		11,066,688
Total	\$	207,350,142	\$ 74,164,994	\$ 23,328,038	\$	6,221,354

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2023, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$22,131,496 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$10,486,693 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 130,531,858
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	65,370,738
Total	\$ 195,902,596

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.188 percent, which was a decrease of 0.006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$(4,845,334). In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(4,889,211) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	6,381,382
Differences between expected and actual experience		107,076		9,787,166
Changes in assumptions		6,473,430		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		19,276,953		5,248,153
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		22,131,496		_
Total	\$	47,988,955	\$	21,416,701

The \$22,131,496 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Def	Deferred Outflows		erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	0	of Resources		Resources
2024	\$	10,073,159	\$	9,130,600
2025		4,597,230		8,197,286
2026		3,867,302		10,714,519
2027		3,867,302		(8,922,158)
2028		1,726,233		1,847,483
2029		1,726,233		448,971
Total	\$	25,857,459	\$	21,416,701

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018...

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease (6.10%)	D	iscount Rate (7.10%)		Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$ 221,691,509	\$	130,531,858	\$	54,841,940

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 25.37% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$9,405,515 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$76,818,284 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.223 percent, which was an increase of 0.004 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$11,066,688. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	9,070,150	\$	
Differences between expected and	φ	9,070,130	φ	-
actual experience		347,174		1,911,337
Changes in assumptions		5,682,580		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		1,670,620		-
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		9,405,515		
Total	\$	26,176,039	\$	1,911,337

The \$9,405,515 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 rred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
2024	\$ 4,877,903	\$ 670,153
2025	3,642,473	670,153
2026	2,719,490	571,031
2027	 5,530,658	 _
Total	\$ 16,770,524	\$ 1,911,337

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 6.90%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of scale MP 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2000 through 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*
Global Equity – cap-weighted	30.0%	4.45%
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.0)%	(0.59)%
	100.0%	

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period. Figures are based on the 2021-22 CalPERS Asset Liability Management Study

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%	
	Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	 Increase (7.90%)	
District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$ 110,967,901	\$	76,818,284	\$ 48,594,881	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects as follows:

	F	Remaining	
	Co	nstruction	Expected Date of
Project	Co	ommitment	Completion
Double Peak School - Original Construction	\$	585,000	Pending final site acquisition
Double Peak School - Kindergarten Building		989,553	August 2023
San Marcos High School Agricultural Farm		770,110	August 2023
Richland Elementary		6,458,613	September 2023
Discovery Elementary Playground		5,000	August 2023
Total	\$	8,808,276	-

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in one joint powers agreement (JPA) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurance for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Additional information can be obtained by contacting the JPA at 6401 Linda Vista Road, San Diego, California 92111.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2023, the deferred amount on refunding was \$22,325,396.

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2023, total combined deferred outflows related to pensions was \$74,164,994 and total combined deferred inflows related to pensions was \$23,328,038.

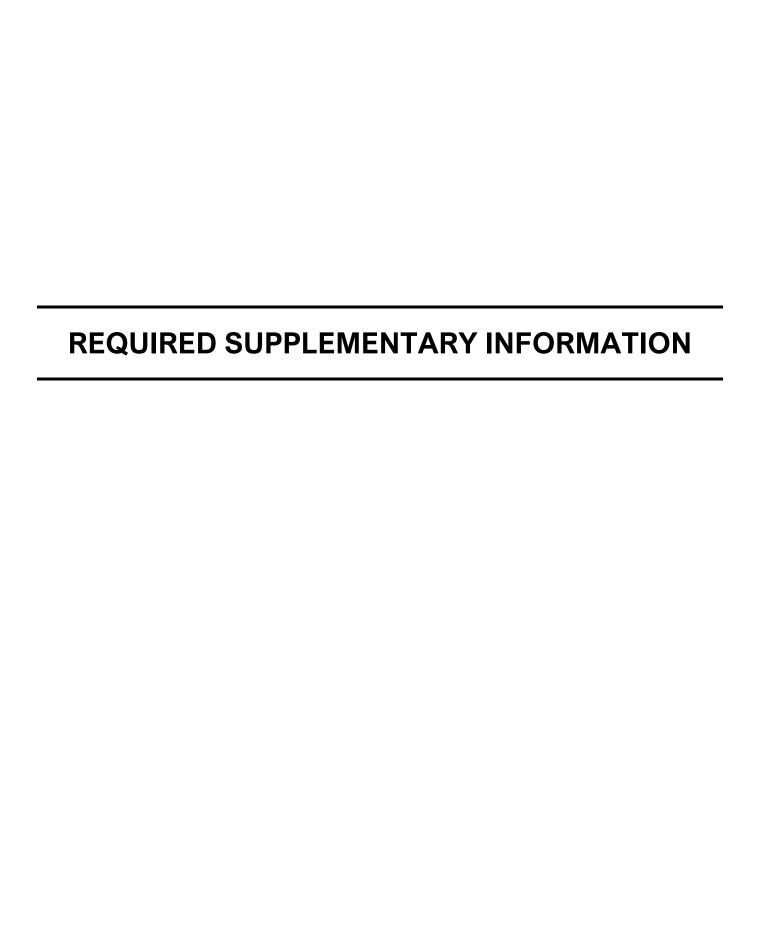
C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2023, the total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$5,544,743 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$10,649,218.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 25, 2023, the Community Facilities District No. 16 of the San Marcos Unified School District issued Series 2023 Special Tax Bonds in the amount of \$2,250,000. The bonds are being issued to acquire and/or construct certain school facilities eligible to be financed through the District.

On November 9, 2023, the Community Facilities District No. 15 of the San Marcos Unified School District issued Series 2023 Special Tax Bonds in the amount of \$3,465,000. The bonds are being issued to acquire and/or construct certain school facilities eligible to be financed through the District.



SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted A	Amo	unts		Actual*	٧	ariances -
	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fin	al to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 211,193,834	\$	232,513,660	\$	221,093,431	\$	(11,420,229)
Federal sources	19,299,117		15,654,651		16,128,001		473,350
Other state sources	27,384,867		25,440,068		63,919,348		38,479,280
Other local sources	19,002,573		18,986,798		21,995,531		3,008,733
Total Revenues	 276,880,391		292,595,177		323,136,311		30,541,134
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	112,241,675		124,979,750		118,021,705		6,958,045
Classified salaries	38,037,034		46,531,529		41,300,399		5,231,130
Employee benefits	82,394,060		90,426,916		81,945,301		8,481,615
Books and supplies	8,110,403		9,068,781		7,581,787		1,486,994
Services and other operating expenditures	28,184,457		24,478,260		25,869,424		(1,391,164)
Capital outlay	1,104,131		1,701,260		2,303,534		(602,274)
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	1,847,000		1,768,794		1,130,979		637,815
Transfers of indirect costs	(232,366)		(336,045)		(231,741)		(104,304)
Total Expenditures	271,686,394		298,619,245		277,921,388		20,697,857
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 5,193,997		(6,024,068)		45,214,923		51,238,991
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	1,159,900		-		1,439,989		1,439,989
Other sources	 -		-		771,826		771,826
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,159,900		-		2,211,815		2,211,815
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	6,353,897		(6,024,068)		47,426,738		53,450,806
Fund Balance - Beginning	 46,253,660		46,253,660		46,253,660		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 52,607,557	\$	40,229,592	\$	93,680,398	\$	53,450,806

^{*}Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include audit reclassifications.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ine 30, 2023	June 30, 2022			une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ıne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	1,146,297	\$	1,927,195	\$	1,875,616	\$	1,520,925	\$	1,520,925	\$	1,502,989
Interest on total OPEB liability		3,232,950		2,210,910		2,668,890		3,039,430		3,217,173		3,141,241
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		4,464,043		(4,117,217)		(6,915,195)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(1,078,723)		(13,423,533)		5,363,260		9,881,544		3,929,075		(1,116,086)
Benefits payments		(4,394,511)		(4,438,912)		(4,050,347)		(4,050,347)		(4,142,717)		(3,889,875)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,093,987)		(9,260,297)		1,740,202		3,476,357		4,524,456		(361,731)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		92,950,366		102,210,663		100,470,461		96,994,104		92,469,648		92,831,379
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	91,856,379	\$	92,950,366	\$	102,210,663	\$	100,470,461	\$	96,994,104	\$	92,469,648
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,494,524	\$	48,247,500	\$	53,546,116	\$	52,113,000	\$	48,533,202	\$	49,683,000
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	206.44%			192.65%		190.88%		192.79%		199.85%		186.12%

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	J	une 30, 2023	Jı	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.188%		0.194%		0.196%		0.179%		0.184%		0.178%		0.169%		0.173%		0.158%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	130,531,858	\$	88,143,068	\$	190,147,806	\$	161,726,277	\$	169,130,100	\$	164,366,199	\$	140,102,044	\$	112,420,785	\$	91,746,090
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	65,370,738 195,902,596	\$	44,351,096 132,494,164	\$	98,020,423 288,168,229	\$	88,233,194 249,959,471	\$	96,835,366 265,965,466	\$	97,238,448 261,604,647	\$	74,044,823 214,146,867	\$	62,274,619 174,695,404	\$	53,878,755 145,624,845
District's covered payroll	\$	113,310,928	\$	105,864,021	\$	106,674,619	\$	97,697,753	\$	98,882,242	\$	94,544,459	\$	86,061,631	\$	76,961,227	\$	70,088,800
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		115.2%		83.3%		178.3%		165.5%		171.0%		173.9%		162.8%		146.1%		130.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.2%		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Jı	ıne 30, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Jι	ine 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	_Jι	ıne 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Jı	ıne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.223%		0.219%		0.218%		0.205%		0.204%		0.199%		0.191%		0.188%		0.191%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	76,818,284	\$	44,438,636	\$	66,943,427	\$	59,663,798	\$	54,407,937	\$	47,410,470	\$	37,980,557	\$	27,763,644	\$	21,671,798
District's covered payroll	\$	34,598,115	\$	31,599,540	\$	32,651,119	\$	28,693,151	\$	27,118,428	\$	25,371,097	\$	23,287,617	\$	20,946,258	\$	20,042,126
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.0%		140.6%		205.0%		207.9%		200.6%		186.9%		163.1%		132.5%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.8%		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	une 30, 2023	Jı	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	22,131,496	\$	19,120,596	\$	17,156,503	\$	17,783,302	\$	16,323,634	\$	14,236,449	\$	11,893,693	\$	8,813,587	\$	6,658,167
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(22,131,496)		(19,120,596)		(17,156,503)		(17,783,302)		(16,323,634)		(14,236,449)		(11,893,693)		(8,813,587)		(6,658,167)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$	115,754,446	\$	113,310,928	\$	105,864,021	\$	106,674,619	\$	97,697,753	\$	98,882,242	\$	94,544,459	\$	86,061,631	\$	76,961,227
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.12%		16.87%		16.21%		16.67%		16.71%		14.40%		12.58%		10.24%		8.65%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		Jι	ine 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,405,515	\$	7,712,520	\$	6,456,867	\$	6,024,583	\$	5,111,048	\$	4,076,409	\$	3,523,538	\$	3,179,710	\$	2,641,574
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(9,405,515)		(7,712,520)		(6,456,867)		(6,024,583)		(5,111,048)		(4,076,409)		(3,523,538)		(3,179,710)		(2,641,574)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	38,459,423	\$	34,598,115	\$	31,599,540	\$	32,651,119	\$	28,693,151	\$	27,118,428	\$	25,371,097	\$	23,287,617	\$	20,946,258
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		24.46%		22.29%		20.43%		18.45%		17.81%		15.03%		13.89%		13.65%		12.61%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.54% to 3.65%.

Schedule of the District Contributions for OPEB

This 10-year schedule is not required to be presented as there was no actuarially determined contribution, nor any contribution requirement established by statute or contract.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS. The discount rate changed from 7.15% to 6.90% and the inflation rate changed from 2.50% to 2.30% since the previous measurement for CalPERS.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

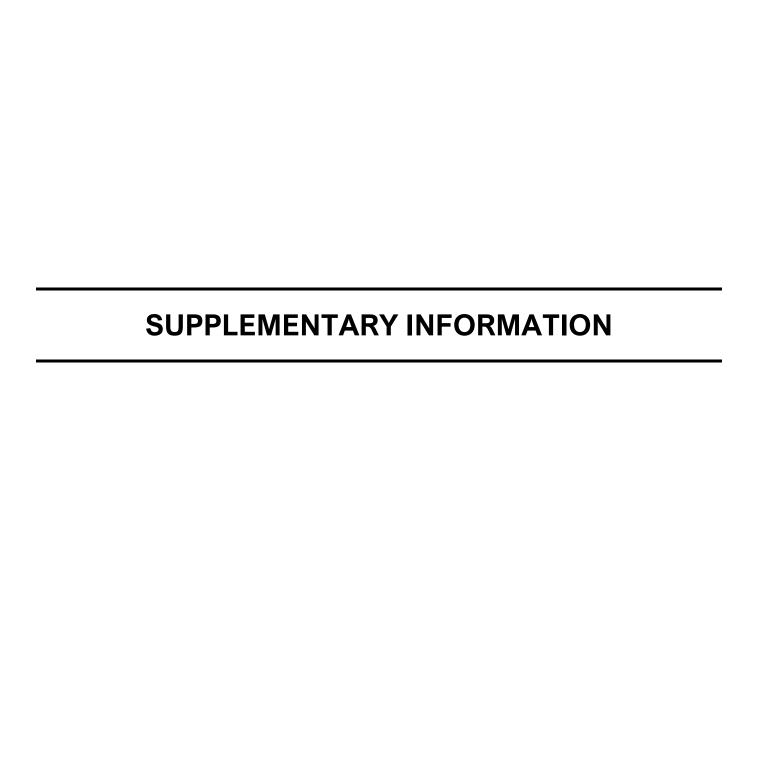
Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expenditures and Other Uses								
	 Budget		Actual		Excess				
General Fund					_				
Services and other operating expenditures	\$ 24,478,260	\$	25,869,424	\$	1,391,164				
Capital outlay	\$ 1,701,260	\$	2,303,534	\$	602,274				



SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A [1]			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 1,996,201
Comprehensive Support and Improvement for LEAs	84.010	15438	41,230
Subtotal Title I, Part A			2,037,431
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	373,471
Title III			
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	356,367
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	61,003
Subtotal Title III			417,370
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	124,705
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287	14349	329,948
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	2,316,531
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	781,767
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	12,389
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 619, Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	64,626
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Local Assistance Private School IPS	84.027	10169	1,396
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Early Intervening Services	84.027	10119	23,477
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			3,200,186
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)	84.048	14894	108,533
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425	15547	637
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559	5,126,593
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	1,303,985
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	1,078,551
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	1,265,372
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	152,078
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			8,927,216
Total U. S. Department of Education			15,518,860
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	97,284
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	831,787
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	3,795,789
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	369,220
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	13004	176,760
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	107,595
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	602,711
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			5,981,146
Passed through California Department of Social Services:			
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393	290,491
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			6,271,637
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:			
Passed through California Department of Airforce:			
Airforce Junior ROTC	12.800	*	58,538
Total U. S. Department of Defense			58,538
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 21,849,035

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	5,298.01	5,319.78
Extended Year Special Education	9.47	9.47
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.79	0.84
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.17	0.17
Total TK/K through Third	5,308.44	5,330.26
Fourth through Sixth		_
Regular ADA	4,099.50	4,109.38
Extended Year Special Education	5.23	5.23
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.04	1.06
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.43	0.43
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,106.20	4,116.10
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	2,655.58	2,661.86
Extended Year Special Education	2.71	2.71
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.08	3.35
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.27	0.27
Total Seventh through Eighth	2,661.64	2,668.19
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	6,026.14	5,994.95
Extended Year Special Education	5.56	5.56
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	15.40	16.44
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.15	3.15
Total Ninth through Twelfth	6,050.25	6,020.10
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,126.53	18,134.65

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	Actual Instructional Minutes	Credited Minutes Per the Approved Form J-13A*	Total Minutes Offered	Required Number of Days	Actual Number of Days	Credited Days Per the Approved Form J-13A*	Total Days Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,180	0	36,180	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,820	0	54,820	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,820	0	54,820	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,820	0	54,820	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,820	0	54,820	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,820	0	54,820	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	59,016	350	59,366	180	179	1	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	59,016	350	59,366	180	179	1	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	59,016	350	59,366	180	179	1	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	64,836	0	64,836	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,836	0	64,836	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,836	0	64,836	180	180	0	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,836	0	64,836	180	180	0	180	Complied

^{*}The District received an approved Form J-13A for San Marcos Middle School for the number of instructional days and the number of instructional minutes indicated above.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	20	024 (Budget)	2023	2022	2021
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	292,595,176 \$	325,348,126	\$ 270,430,524	\$ 260,201,757
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		301,619,245	277,921,388	263,364,906	248,076,420
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(9,024,069) \$	47,426,738	\$ 7,065,618	\$ 12,125,337
Ending Fund Balance	\$	84,656,329 \$	93,680,398	\$ 47,389,279	\$ 40,323,661
Available Reserves*	\$	25,687,003 \$	46,463,542	\$ 21,994,096	\$ 25,764,777
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		8.52%	16.72%	8.35%	10.39%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	821,343,317 \$	835,427,922	\$ 746,338,987	\$ 880,266,524
Average Daily					
Attendance At P-2***		18,034	18,127	18,108	20,063

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$53,356,737 over the past two years. However, the fiscal year 2023-24 budget projects a decrease of \$9,024,069. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-24 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$44,838,602 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,936 ADA over the past two years. An additional decrease of 93 ADA is anticipated during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

^{***}Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include audit reclassifications.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fun	ecial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects
June 30, 2023, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$	293,035
Adjustments and reclassifications:		
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:		40 000 044
Cash with fiscal agent		19,223,841
Net adjustments and reclassifications		19,223,841
June 30, 2023, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	19,516,876
	-	Child Care erprise Fund
June 30, 2023, annual financial and budget report net position Adjustments and reclassifications:	\$	1,030,257
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances: Compensated absences		(106,066)
Net pension liability (GASB 68)		(1,338,538)
Deferred outflows related to pensions (GASB 68)		593,298
Deferred inflows related to pensions (GASB 68)		(62,876)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(914,182)
June 30, 2023, audited financial statement net position	φ	116,075

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Included in
Charter #	Charter School	Status	Audit Report
1983	Pivot Charter School - San Diego II	Active	No

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Stud	dent Activity	Adı	ult Education	_	.		Foundation ecial Revenue	Fu	•		nd Interest and		oundation .		Non-Major overnmental
ACCETC		Fund		Fund	Ca	afeteria Fund		Fund	O	utlay Projects	Re	demption Fund	Per	manent Fund		Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	ф	1,674,669	φ	69,298	¢.	13,754,391	ф	465	\$	20,289,503	φ	15,298,851	Φ	39,758	φ	51,126,935
	\$	1,074,009	Ф	,	Φ	, ,	Ф	400	Ф	, ,	Ф	13,290,031	Ф	39,736 488	Φ	
Accounts receivable		-		46,923		2,516,292		074		6,098		-		488		2,569,802
Due from other funds		=		-		2,519		871		-		-		-		3,390
Stores inventory		-		-		310,425		-		-		-		-		310,425
Total Assets	\$	1,674,669	\$	116,221	\$	16,583,627	\$	1,337	\$	20,295,601	\$	15,298,851	\$	40,246	\$	54,010,552
LIABILITIES																
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	31,749	\$	110,617	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	142,366
Due to other funds		-		12,305		393,219		-		778,725		-		_		1,184,249
Unearned revenue		-		_		85,703		-		-		-		_		85,703
Total Liabilities		-		44,054		589,539		-		778,725		-		_		1,412,318
FUND BALANCES																
Non-spendable		-		-		320,425		-		-		-		_		320,425
Restricted		1,674,669		72,167		15,673,663		1,337		19,516,876		15,298,851		40,246		52,277,809
Total Fund Balances		1,674,669		72,167		15,994,088		1,337		19,516,876		15,298,851		40,246		52,598,234
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,674,669	\$	116,221	\$	16,583,627	\$	1,337	\$	20,295,601	\$	15,298,851	\$	40,246	\$	54,010,552

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund		oundation cial Revenue Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Foundation Permanent Fund	Gover	n-Major rnmental unds
REVENUES										
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,271,637	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,271,637
Other state sources	-	102,539	6,396,955	,	=	=	75,754	-		6,575,248
Other local sources	1,675,460	1,119	417,359)	1,916	32,797	16,494,533	1,074		18,624,258
Total Revenues	1,675,460	103,658	13,085,951		1,916	32,797	16,570,287	1,074		31,471,143
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Instruction	-	35,260	-	-	=	=	=	-		35,260
Instruction-related services										
School site administration	-	44,895	-		-	-	-	-		44,895
Pupil services										
Food services	-	-	8,572,814		-	-	-	-		8,572,814
General administration										
All other general administration	-	3,320	228,420)	-	-	-	-		231,740
Plant services	-	-	96,504		-	-	-	-		96,504
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	=	4,529,296	=	-		4,529,296
Ancillary services	1,426,419	-	-	-	400	=	=	-		1,426,819
Community services	-	-	-	-	27,901	=	=	-		27,901
Enterprise activities	-	-	177,506	i	-	-	-	-		177,506
Debt service										
Principal	-	-	-		-	-	5,201,945	-		5,201,945
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	=	-	10,848,805	-		10,848,805
Total Expenditures	1,426,419	83,475	9,075,244		28,301	4,529,296	16,050,750	-		31,193,485
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	249,041	20,183	4,010,707	•	(26,385)	(4,496,499)	519,537	1,074		277,658
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Other sources	-	-	-	-	-	23,753,137	-	-		23,753,137
Transfers out		-	=	-	(25,359)	(1,083,535)	=	=		(1,108,894)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	(25,359)	22,669,602	-	-		22,644,243
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	249,041	20,183	4,010,707	•	(51,744)	18,173,103	519,537	1,074		22,921,901
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,425,628	51,984	11,983,381		53,081	1,343,773	14,779,314	39,172		29,676,333
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,674,669	\$ 72,167	\$ 15,994,088	\$	1,337	\$ 19,516,876	\$ 15,298,851	\$ 40,246	\$	52,598,234

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2023

The Board of Supervisors of San Diego County adopted a resolution on May 27, 1975, creating a new unified school district comprising the area of Rich-Mar Union School District named "San Marcos Unified School District". The District serves the San Marcos community located in north San Diego County. The District operates ten elementary schools providing instruction in grades kindergarten through five, two schools providing instruction in grades kindergarten through eight, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, one continuation high school, one alternative high school, and sponsors one charter school. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Jamie Chamberlin	President	December 2024
Carlos Ulloa, Ed.D	Vice President	December 2024
Sarah Ahmad	Clerk	December 2024
Stacy Carlson	Member	December 2026
Andres Martin	Member	December 2026

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Andrew Johnsen, Ed.D. Superintendent

Erin Garcia
Assistant Superintendent of Business Services

Tiffany Campbell, Ed.D.
Assistant Superintendent of Instructional Services

Joel Garcia
Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Lourdes Hernandez
Executive Director of Finance

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Charter Schools

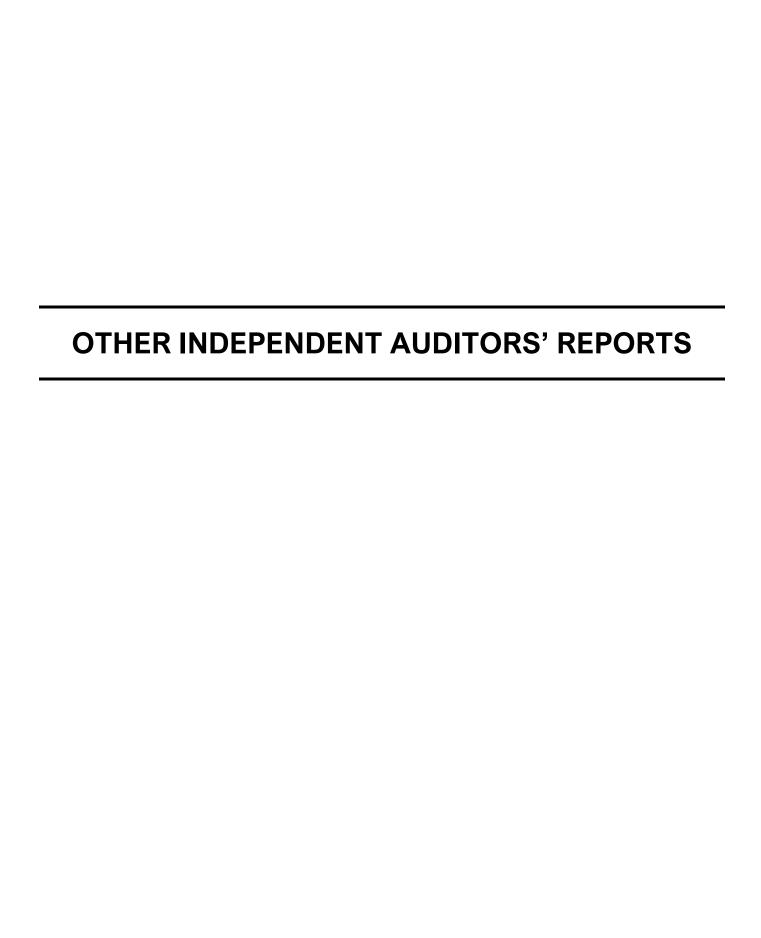
This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Marcos Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Marcos Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether San Marcos Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 23, 2024

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of San Marcos Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. San Marcos Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, San Marcos Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to San Marcos Unified School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on San Marcos Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 23, 2024

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board San Marcos Unified School District San Marcos. California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of San Marcos Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as identified below.

In our opinion, San Marcos Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of San Marcos Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to San Marcos Unified School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on San Marcos Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Marcos Unified School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine San Marcos Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2023-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on San Marcos Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. San Marcos Unified School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 23, 2024

Christy White, Inc.



SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported	
Non-compliance material to financial stater	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are requir	ed to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No	
Identification of major programs:		
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I, Part A	
84.425, 84.425U	Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Internal control over state programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are requir	ed to be reported in accordance	
with 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of	Yes	
Type of auditors' report issued on complian	Unmodified	

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2023.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE				
10000	Attendance				
40000	State Compliance				
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs				
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction				
60000	Miscellaneous				
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries				
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan				
70000	Instructional Materials				
71000	Teacher Misassignments				
72000	School Accountability Report Card				

FINDING #2023-001: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (70000)

Criteria: California Education Code Section 60119 requires the governing board of each local education agency (LEA) to hold a public hearing and make a determination through a resolution, as to whether each pupil has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day of school for that year.

Condition: During our compliance testing of this area, we determined that students began attending school on August 16, 2022 while the annual public hearing regarding the sufficiency of instructional materials was held on October 13, 2022. Based on this review, the hearing took place nine weeks from the first day of school for the year.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with California Education Code Section 60119.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Questioned Costs: None. There is no funding directly related to the sufficiency of instructional materials public hearing and board resolution.

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding. See Finding #2022-001.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure compliance with Education Code requirements regarding the sufficiency of the instructional materials public hearing.

Corrective Action Plan: The public hearing and resolution regarding availability of instructional materials will be moved to the September board meeting date annually (which occurs on the 2nd Thursday of the month) to comply with Education Code 60119 that requires a school district hold an annual public hearing and adopt a resolution before the 8th week of school.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINDING #2022-001: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (70000)

Criteria: California Education Code Section 60119 requires the governing board of each local education agency (LEA) to hold a public hearing and make a determination through a resolution, as to whether each pupil has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day of school for that year.

Condition: During our compliance testing of this area, we determined that students began attending school on August 17, 2021 while the annual public hearing regarding the sufficiency of instructional materials was held on October 19, 2021. Based on this review, the hearing took place nine weeks from the first day of school for the year.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with California Education Code Section 60119.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Questioned Costs: None. There is no funding directly related to the sufficiency of instructional materials public hearing and board resolution.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure compliance with Education Code requirements regarding the sufficiency of the instructional materials public hearing.

Corrective Action Plan: The public hearing and resolution regarding availability of instructional materials will be moved to the September board meeting date annually (which occurs on the 2nd Thursday of the month) to comply with Education Code 60119 that requires a school district hold an annual public hearing and adopt a resolution before the 8th week of school.

Current Status: Not implemented. See Finding #2023-001.

FINDING #2022-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced-price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. In addition, students classified as English learners (EL) must have supporting documentation to indicate that the student is appropriately classified as EL. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINDING #2022-002: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Condition: Two (2) out of 25 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as English Learners (EL) under the ELAS designation and Paid under the NSLP designation, were inaccurately classified as of the 2021-22 census date. Auditors extrapolated each respective error rate across the respective population to determine a total adjustment of 74 unduplicated pupil counts. In each instance, a parent consultation occurred in early September 2021, which resulted in the determination that the student should be reclassified as Re-designated Fluent English Proficient (RFEP).

Cause: Misclassification of students in the student information system from which CALPADS reporting is derived.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with applicable State requirements.

Questioned Costs: \$43,554, as calculated below.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District ensure that there are proper controls over FRPM and EL designations in the student information system in order to strengthen the accuracy of CALPADS reporting. This includes performing periodic reviews of system data for errors or irregularities.

Corrective Action Plan: The District has established a new protocol to ensure that students are designated appropriately in the student information system and therefore reported accurately in CALPADS.

Current Status: Implemented.

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINDING #2022-003: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

Criteria: The Second Period and Annual reports submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) should reconcile to the supporting documents that support the local education agency's Average Daily Attendance (ADA) in accordance with California Education Code Section 46000 et seq.

Condition: During the testing of average daily attendance for the District's second reporting period and annual attendance reports, it was noted that all independent study ADA generated at the Foothills High School Independent Study program was recorded to grades ninth through twelfth, rather than allocated to their respective grade spans. The variances by grade span are as follows:

	Revised P2 - Unadjusted (Line A-1)	Revised P2 - Adjusted (Line A-1)	Difference	Revised Annual - Unadjusted (Line A-1)	Revised Annual - Adjusted (Line A-1)	Difference
Grad Span						
TK/Kindergarten through Third	5,103.98	5,132.79	28.81	5,119.40	5,147.08	27.68
Fourth through Sixth	4,047.69	4,077.42	29.73	4,060.00	4,089.10	29.10
Seventh through Eighth	2,701.40	2,725.62	24.22	2,705.59	2,729.99	24.40
Ninth through Twelfth	6,208.94	6,126.18	(82.76)	6,210.34	6,129.16	(81.18)
Total	18,062.01	18,062.01	-	18,095.33	18,095.33	-

Cause: Clerical oversight.

Effect: Incorrect reporting of Regular ADA in the Second Period and Annual attendance reports resulted in noncompliance with state regulations.

Questioned Costs: \$135,324, as calculated using the Second Period Report in the table below. The errors noted for the District's P2 Attendance Report have not been revised to reflect the revised P2 report listed on the Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.

There is no question cost related to the error noted for the Annual Attendance Report since the District is not funded on Annual Attendance. The District's Annual Attendance Report has not been revised to reflect the revised Annual report listing on the Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

(continued on the following page)

SAN MARCOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINDING #2022-003: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000) (continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the District revise the Second Period and Annual attendance reports to reflect the revised ADA as noted above and establish proper procedures to ensure that the data within the attendance system and data reported on the Second Period and Annual attendance reports are accurate.

Corrective Action Plan: The clerical error resulting in the incorrect grade span reporting was identified and amended on our worksheets. The ADA for both P-2 and Annual reporting periods will be resubmitted to CDE to correct the ADA by grade span for Foothills High School. The San Diego County Office of Education will confirm when the PADC portal has the correction modes available for the submissions.

Current Status: Implemented.